



## **USA Mutuals Vice Fund**

Institutional Class – VICVX

Investor Class – VICEX

Class A – VICAX

Class C – VICCX

## **USA Mutuals All Seasons Fund**

Institutional Class – UNAVX

Class Z – ZNAVX\*

*Each a Series of Northern Lights Fund Trust IV*

### **PROSPECTUS**

**July 29, 2025**

*Advised by:*

USA Mutuals Advisors, Inc.  
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700 North Pearl Street, Suite 900  
Dallas, TX 75201

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1-866-264-8783

\* Class Z Shares are not currently offered for sale.

This Prospectus provides important information about the Funds that you should know before investing. Please read it carefully and keep it for future reference.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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## **FUND SUMMARY – USA MUTUALS VICE FUND**

**Investment Objective:** The USA Mutuals Vice Fund (the “Fund”) seeks long-term growth of capital.

**Fees and Expenses of the Fund:** This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.** You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in Class A shares of the Fund. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and in **How to Purchase Shares** on page 19 of the Prospectus. In addition, description of the sales load waivers and/or discounts for Class A shares with respect to certain financial intermediaries are reproduced in Appendix A to the Prospectus based on information provided by the financial intermediary.

<b>Shareholder Fees</b> (fees paid directly from your investment)	<b>Institutional Class</b>	<b>Investor Class</b>	<b>Class A</b>	<b>Class C</b>
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None	None	5.75%	None
Maximum Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of the shares redeemed within 12 months of purchase)	None	None	None	1.00%
Maximum Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of purchases of \$1,000,000 or more that are redeemed within 18 months of purchase)	None	None	1.00%	None
<b>Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b> (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)				
Management Fees	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None	0.25%	0.25%	1.00%
Other Expenses	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.90%	2.15%	2.15%	2.90%
Fee Waiver and Reimbursement <sup>(1)</sup>	(0.42)%	(0.42)%	(0.42)%	(0.42)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Reimbursement	1.48%	1.73%	1.73%	2.48%

(1) The Fund’s adviser, USA Mutuals Advisors, Inc. (the “Adviser”), has contractually agreed to reduce its fees and/or absorb expenses of the Fund, until July 31, 2026, to ensure that total annual fund operating expenses after fee waiver and reimbursement (but not including: front-end or contingent deferred loads, shareholder servicing plan fees, taxes, borrowing cost such as interest and dividends on short positions, brokerage fees and commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, extraordinary expenses such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Fund officers and Trustees, contractual indemnification of Fund service providers (other than the Adviser)) and class specific expenses like distribution (12b-1) fees) will not exceed 1.48% of the Fund’s average daily net assets for each share class. These fee waivers and expense reimbursements are subject to possible recoupment from the Fund in future years (within the three years after the fees were waived or reimbursed), if such recoupment can be achieved within the lesser of the expense limitation in place at the time of waiver and the expense limitation in place at the time of recapture. This agreement may be terminated by the Trust’s Board of Trustees only on 60 days’ written notice to the Adviser.

**Example:** This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. The Example reflects the contractual fee waiver/expense reimbursement arrangement for the first year only.

Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based upon these assumptions your costs would be:

	<b><u>1 Year</u></b>	<b><u>3 Years</u></b>	<b><u>5 Years</u></b>	<b><u>10 Years</u></b>
Institutional Class	\$151	\$556	\$987	\$2,188
Investor Class	\$176	\$633	\$1,116	\$2,450
Class A	\$741	\$1,171	\$1,627	\$2,884
Class C	\$351	\$858	\$1,491	\$3,194

You would pay the following expenses if you did not redeem your Class C shares:

	<b><u>1 Year</u></b>	<b><u>3 Years</u></b>	<b><u>5 Years</u></b>	<b><u>10 Years</u></b>
Class C	\$251	\$858	\$1,491	\$3,194

**Portfolio Turnover:** The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the Fund’s portfolio rate was 13% of the average value of its portfolio.

**Principal Investment Strategies:** The Fund, a diversified investment company, invests primarily in equity securities (i.e., common stocks, preferred stocks and securities convertible into common stocks) of small, medium and large capitalization companies, which include U.S. issuers and foreign issuers, including those whose securities are traded in foreign jurisdictions, as well as those whose securities are traded in the U.S. as American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”).

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of companies that derive a significant portion of their revenues from a group of vice industries that includes the alcoholic beverages, defense/aerospace, gaming, and tobacco industries. The Fund concentrates at least 25% of its net assets in this group of four vice industries (but no more than 80% of its net assets in any single industry). “Vice industries” are those industries whose focus, in the Adviser’s assessment, may be morally questioned by members of the general public or face funding or regulatory challenges because of social disapproval. In addition, under normal market conditions, the Fund invests in at least three countries (one of which may be the United States) and invests at least 40% of its total assets at the time of purchase in non-U.S. companies.

The Fund also participates in the short selling of securities and certain options strategies in an attempt to generate incremental returns. Use of these strategies may vary depending upon market and other conditions and may be limited by regulatory and other constraints.

For cash management purposes or due to a lack of suitable investment opportunities, the Fund may hold up to 20% of its net assets in cash or similar short-term, high-quality debt securities. These short-term debt securities and money market instruments include commercial paper, certificates of deposit, bankers’ acceptances, shares of money market mutual funds, U.S. government securities and repurchase agreements.

**Principal Investment Risks:** *As with all mutual funds, there is the risk that you could lose money through your investment in the Fund. The Fund is not intended to be a complete investment program. Many factors affect the Fund’s net asset value (“NAV”) and performance.*

The following describes the risks of investing in the Fund. As with any mutual fund, there is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its goal.

**ADR Risk.** Un-sponsored ADRs held by the Fund are frequently under no obligation to distribute shareholder communications received from the underlying issuer, and there is less information available about un-sponsored ADRs than sponsored ADRs; un-sponsored ADRs are also not obligated to pass through voting rights to the Fund.

**Asset Allocation Risk.** Asset allocation to a particular strategy may not reflect actual market movement or the effect of economic conditions.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents Risk.** The Fund may have significant investments in cash or cash equivalents. When a substantial portion of a portfolio is held in cash or cash equivalents, there is the risk that the value of the cash account, including interest, will not keep pace with inflation, thus reducing purchasing power over time.

**Convertible Securities Risk.** Convertible securities are subject to many of the same risks as regular fixed-income securities, including the risk that when market interest rates rise, the value of the convertible security falls, and in the event of a liquidation of the issuing company, holders of convertible securities generally would be paid after the company’s creditors but before the company’s common shareholders.

**Derivatives Risk.** Investing in derivatives, specifically call and put options, for hedging purposes and to reduce Fund volatility may subject the Fund to losses if the derivatives do not perform as expected. The use of derivative instruments involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. These risks include (i) the risk that the counterparty to a derivative transaction may not fulfill its contractual obligations; (ii) risk of mispricing or improper valuation; and (iii) the risk that changes in the value of the derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index. Derivative prices are highly volatile and may fluctuate substantially during a short period of time. Such prices are influenced by numerous factors that affect the markets, including, but not limited to: changing supply and demand relationships; government programs and policies; national and international political and economic events, changes in interest rates, inflation and deflation and changes in supply and demand relationships.

**Options Risk.** There are risks associated with the sale and purchase of call and put options. As a seller (writer) of a put option, the Fund will tend to lose money if the value of the reference index or security falls below the strike price. As the seller (writer) of a call option, the Fund may experience lower returns if the value of the reference index or security rises above the strike price.

**Emerging Markets Risk.** Investing in emerging markets, including frontier markets, involves not only the risks described below with respect to investing in foreign securities, but also other risks, including exposure to economic structures that are generally less diverse and mature, limited availability and reliability of information material to an investment decision, and to political systems that can be expected to have less stability, than those of developed countries. The typically small size of the markets of securities of issuers located in emerging markets and the possibility of a low or nonexistent volume of trading in those securities may also result in a lack of liquidity and in price volatility of those securities.

**Equity Risk.** Equity securities are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value. The equity securities held by the Fund may experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors affecting securities markets generally, the equity securities of a particular sector, or a particular company.

**Foreign Securities Risk.** Since the Fund's investments may include foreign securities, the Fund is subject to risks beyond those associated with investing in domestic securities. Foreign companies are generally not subject to the same regulatory requirements of U.S. companies thereby resulting in less publicly available information about these companies. In addition, foreign accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards generally differ from those applicable to U.S. companies.

**Industry Concentration Risk.** The Fund concentrates at least 25% of its net assets in the group of four vice industries identified in this Prospectus and therefore may be subject to the risks affecting those industries, including the risk that the securities of companies within those industries will underperform due to adverse economic conditions, regulatory or legislative changes or increased competition affecting those industries, more than would a fund that invests in a wide variety of industries.

**Large-Capitalization Companies Risk.** Large-capitalization companies may be less able than smaller capitalization companies to adapt to changing market conditions. Large-capitalization companies may be more mature and subject to more limited growth potential compared with smaller capitalization companies. During different market cycles, the performance of large capitalization companies has trailed the overall performance of the broader securities markets.

**Leverage Risk.** Leveraging may exaggerate the effect on NAV of any increase or decrease in the market value of the Fund's portfolio.

**Liquidity Risk.** The securities of many companies with small- and mid-size capitalizations may have less "float" (the number of shares that normally trade on a given day) and less interest in the market and therefore are subject to liquidity risk. Certain securities may be difficult or impossible to sell at the time and price that the Fund would like to sell.

**Management Risk.** The Adviser may be incorrect in its assessment of the intrinsic value of the securities the Fund holds which may result in a decline in the value of Fund shares and failure to achieve its investment objective. The Fund's portfolio manager uses qualitative analyses and/or models. Any imperfections or limitations in such analyses and models could affect the ability of the portfolio managers to implement strategies.

**Market and Geopolitical Risk.** The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, climate change and climate-related events, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, international conflicts, regulatory events, tariffs or trade wars and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets.

**Regulatory Risk.** Changes in the laws or regulations of the U.S. or other countries, including any changes to applicable tax laws and regulations, could impair the ability of the Fund to achieve its investment objective and could increase the operating expenses of the Fund.

**Sector Exposure Risk.** The Fund may have significant exposure to a limited number of issuers conducting business in the same sector or group of sectors. Market conditions, interest rates, and economic, regulatory, or financial developments could significantly affect a single sector or a group of sectors, and the securities of companies in that sector or group of sectors could react similarly to these or other developments.

**Consumer Staples Sector Risk.** The consumer staples sector may be affected by the regulation of various product components and production methods, marketing campaigns and other factors affecting consumer demand.

**Industrial Sector Risk.** Industrial companies are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for industrial sector products in general. Government regulation, world events, exchange rates and economic conditions, technological developments and liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities will likewise affect the performance of these companies.

**Short Sales Risk.** Short sales risk is the risk of loss associated with any appreciation on the price of a security borrowed in connection with a short sale. The Fund may engage in short sales that are not made “against-the-box,” which means that the Fund may sell short securities even when they are not actually owned or otherwise covered at all times during the period the short position is open. Short sales that are not made “against-the-box” theoretically involve unlimited loss potential since the market price of securities sold short may continuously increase.

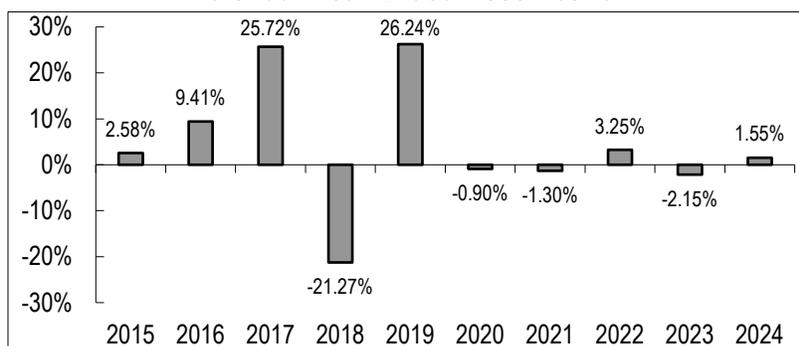
**Small- and Mid-Capitalization Companies Risk.** The earnings and prospects of small and medium sized companies are more volatile than larger companies and may experience higher failure rates than larger companies. Small and medium sized companies normally have a lower trading volume than larger companies, which may tend to make their market price fall more disproportionately than larger companies in response to selling pressures and may have limited markets, product lines, or financial resources and lack management experience.

**Stock Market Risk.** The value of securities owned by the Fund may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to factors affecting particular companies or the securities markets generally. A general downturn in the securities market may cause multiple asset classes to decline in value simultaneously.

**U.S. Government Securities Risk.** Although U.S. government securities are considered among the safest investments, they are not guaranteed against price movements due to changing interest rates. Obligations issued by some U.S. government agencies are backed by the U.S. Treasury, while others are backed solely by the ability of the agency to borrow from the U.S. Treasury or by the agency’s own resources.

**Performance:** The bar chart and performance table below show the variability of the Fund’s returns, which is some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows performance of the Fund’s Investor Class shares for each full calendar year for the past 10 years, which includes performance of the Predecessor Fund (as defined below). Although Institutional Class, Class A and Class C shares have similar annual returns to Investor Class shares because the classes are invested in the same portfolio of securities, the returns for Institutional Class, Class A and Class C shares are different than Investor Class shares because Institutional Class, Class A and Class C shares have different expenses than Investor Class shares. The performance table compares the performance of the Fund over time to the performance of a broad-based market index and a supplemental index. You should be aware that the Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) may not be an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates in effect and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts (“IRAs”). The Fund acquired all of the assets and liabilities of USA Mutuals Vitium Global Fund, a series of USA Mutuals, (the “Predecessor Fund”) in a tax-free reorganization on January 22, 2021. In connection with this acquisition, shares of the Predecessor Fund’s Investor Class, Institutional Class, Class A and Class C Shares were exchanged for Investor Class, Institutional Class, Class A and Class C Shares of the Fund, respectively. The Predecessor Fund had an investment objective and strategies that were, in all material respects, the same as those of the Fund, and was managed in a manner that, in all material respects, complied with the investment guidelines and restrictions of the Fund. The performance information set forth below reflects the historical performance of the Predecessor Fund shares. Updated performance information is available at no cost by calling 1-866-264-8783 and on the Fund’s website at [www.usamutuals.com](http://www.usamutuals.com).

**Performance Bar Chart Investor Class  
Calendar Year Ended December 31**



Best Quarter: 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter 2020 16.79%  
Worst Quarter: 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2020 (26.45)%

The Fund’s Investor Class year-to-date return as of the most recent fiscal quarter, which ended June 30, 2025 was 15.64%.

**Performance Table**  
**Average Annualized Total Returns**  
(For periods ended December 31, 2024)

	<b>One Year</b>	<b>Five Years</b>	<b>Ten Years</b>
<b>Investor Class</b>			
Return Before Taxes	1.55%	0.07%	3.48%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	0.91%	(1.73)%	1.82%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	1.41%	0.03%	2.60%
<b>Institutional Class</b>			
Return Before Taxes	1.84%	0.32%	3.75%
<b>Class A</b>			
Return Before Taxes	1.57%	0.06%	3.46%
<b>Class C</b>			
Return Before Taxes	0.82%	(0.67)%	2.71%
<b>MSCI All Country World Index<sup>(1)</sup></b> (reflects no deductions for fees, expenses or taxes)	18.01%	10.58%	9.79%
<b>S&amp;P 500 Index<sup>(2)</sup></b> (reflects no deductions for fees, expenses or taxes)	25.02%	14.53%	13.10%

(1) The MSCI ACWI Index is an index representing the equity returns in 23 developed and 24 emerging markets. Investor may not invest in the index directly and the index does not take into account charges, fees and other expenses. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. Unlike the Fund's returns, the index does not reflect any fees or expenses.

(2) The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged market capitalization-weighted index which is comprised of 500 of the largest U.S. domiciled companies and includes the reinvestment of all dividends. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. Unlike the Fund's returns, the index does not reflect any fees or expenses.

**Investment Adviser:** USA Mutuals Advisors, Inc. (the "Adviser").

**Portfolio Manager:** Paul Strehle is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund and has served the Fund as portfolio manager since July 2021.

**Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares:** The minimum initial investment in the Fund is \$100 for retirement accounts and \$2,000 for all other account types, and the minimum subsequent investment all account types is \$20. You may purchase and redeem shares of the Fund on any day that the New York Stock Exchange is open. Redemption requests may be made in writing, by telephone, or through a financial intermediary and will be paid by an Automated Clearing House, check or wire transfer.

**Tax Information:** Dividends and capital gain distributions you receive from the Fund, whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Fund shares or receive them in cash, are taxable to you at either ordinary income or capital gains tax rates unless you are investing through a tax-deferred plan such as an IRA or 401(k) plan. However, these dividend and capital gain distributions may be taxable upon their eventual withdrawal from tax-deferred plans.

**Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries:** If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## **FUND SUMMARY – USA MUTUALS ALL SEASONS FUND**

**Investment Objective:** The USA Mutuals All Seasons Fund (the “Fund”) seeks capital appreciation in all economic cycles.

**Fees and Expenses of the Fund:** This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.**

<b>Shareholder Fees</b> (fees paid directly from your investment)	<b>Institutional Class</b>	<b>Class Z<sup>(1)</sup></b>
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None	None
<b>Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b> (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)		
Management Fees	1.75%	1.75%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None	None
Other Expenses	1.04%	1.04%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	2.79%	2.79%
Fee Waiver and Reimbursement <sup>(2)</sup>	(0.83)%	(0.83)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Reimbursement	1.96%	1.96%

(1) Class Z shares are not currently offered for sale.

(2) The Fund’s adviser, USA Mutuals Advisors, Inc. (the “Adviser”), has contractually agreed to reduce its fees and/or absorb expenses of the Fund, at least until July 31, 2026, to ensure that total annual fund operating expenses after fee waiver and reimbursement (but not including: front-end or contingent deferred loads, shareholder servicing plan fees, taxes, borrowing cost such as interest and dividends on short positions, brokerage fees and commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, extraordinary expenses such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Fund officers and Trustees, contractual indemnification of Fund service providers (other than the Adviser)) and class specific expenses like distribution (12b-1) fees) will not exceed 1.96% of the Fund’s average daily net assets for each share class. These fee waivers and expense reimbursements are subject to possible recoupment from the Fund in future years (within the three years after the fees were waived or reimbursed) if such recoupment can be achieved within the lesser of the expense limitation in place at the time of waiver and the expense limitation in place at the time of recapture. This agreement may be terminated by the Trust’s Board of Trustees only on 60 days’ written notice to the Adviser.

**Example:** This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same.

Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based upon these assumptions your costs would be:

	<b><u>1 Year</u></b>	<b><u>3 Years</u></b>	<b><u>5 Years</u></b>	<b><u>10 Years</u></b>
Institutional Class	\$199	\$787	\$1,401	\$3,058
Class Z	\$199	\$787	\$1,401	\$3,058

**Portfolio Turnover:** The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the Fund’s portfolio rate was 0% of the average value of its portfolio.

**Principal Investment Strategies:** The Fund, a diversified investment company, pursues its investment objective by employing a discretionary trading strategy which attempts to tactically allocate exposure levels in the U.S. stock-markets. The Adviser invests the portfolio primarily in long and short equity stock index futures; however, the Adviser may also invest in stock index futures listed on other exchanges.

A stock index futures contract is an agreement between two parties to take or make delivery of an amount of cash equal to a specified dollar amount, multiplied by the difference between the stock index value at the close of the last trading day of the contract and the price at which the futures contract is originally struck. A stock index futures contract does not involve the physical delivery of the underlying stocks in the index. Although stock index futures contracts call for the actual taking or delivery of cash, in most cases the Fund expects to liquidate its stock index futures positions through offsetting transactions, which may result in a gain or a loss, before cash settlement is required. The Fund may use stock index futures for hedging or speculation purposes.

The Fund's investment methodology is based on the Adviser's quantitative model. The model provides indicative buy and sell prices in the futures market. These futures trades generally are held no more than 5 days. The model uses a broad array of market data to drive its indicators. This may include the following input data:

- 1) Price movement of the underlying future
- 2) Volatility levels of the underlying future
- 3) Volatility of volatility of the underlying future
- 4) Options market pricing of the underlying future
- 5) Correlation information across markets

The Fund implements short positions by using futures. Short sales are transactions where the Fund sells securities it does not own in anticipation of a decline in the value of the securities. The Fund must borrow the security to deliver it to the buyer. The Fund is then obligated to replace the security borrowed at the market price at the time of replacement. The Fund may enter into a futures contract pursuant to which it agrees to sell an asset (that it does not currently own) at a specified price at a specified point in the future. This gives the Fund a short position with respect to that asset.

The Fund uses leverage through derivatives, including stock index futures and options. Leverage includes the practice of borrowing money to purchase securities or borrowing securities to sell them short. Investments in derivative instruments also involve the use of leverage because the amount of exposure to the underlying asset is often greater than the amount of capital required to purchase the derivative instrument. Leverage can increase or decrease the investment returns of the Fund. As a result, the sum of the Fund's investment exposures may at times exceed the amount of assets invested in the Fund, although these exposures may vary over time.

Buy and sell decisions are at the discretion of the portfolio managers.

**Principal Investment Risks: *As with all mutual funds, there is a risk that you could lose money through your investment in the Fund. The Fund is not intended to be a complete investment program. Many factors affect the Fund's net asset value ("NAV") and performance.***

*Derivatives Risk.* Investing in derivatives, specifically futures contracts, may subject the Fund to losses if the derivatives do not perform as expected. The use of derivative instruments involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. These risks include (i) the risk that the counterparty to a derivative transaction may not fulfill its contractual obligations; (ii) risk of mispricing or improper valuation; and (iii) the risk that changes in the value of the derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index. Derivative prices are highly volatile and may fluctuate substantially during a short period of time. Such prices are influenced by numerous factors that affect the markets, including, but not limited to: changing supply and demand relationships; government programs and policies; national and international political and economic events, changes in interest rates, inflation and deflation and changes in supply and demand relationships.

*Futures Contract Risk.* A futures contract, which is a contract that derives its value from the price performance of an underlying entity, such as an asset, index, or interest rate, has additional risks because it is a financial contract rather than a security, including counterparty risk, and liquidity risk. Where futures are used for hedging, lack of the desired or expected correlation between the future and the underlying, known as basis risk, would reduce the desired effectiveness of the hedging instrument.

*Options Risk.* There are risks associated with the sale and purchase of call and put options. As a seller (writer) of a put option, the Fund will tend to lose money if the value of the reference index or security falls below the strike price. As the seller (writer) of a call option, the Fund may experience lower returns if the value of the reference index or security rises above the strike price.

*Leverage Risk.* Leveraging may exaggerate the effect on NAV of any increase or decrease in the market value of the Fund's portfolio.

*Management Risk.* The Adviser may be incorrect in its assessment of the intrinsic value of the securities the Fund holds which may result in a decline in the value of Fund shares and failure to achieve its investment objective. The Fund's portfolio managers use qualitative analyses and/or models. Any imperfections or limitations in such analyses and models could affect the ability of the portfolio managers to implement strategies.

**Market and Geopolitical Risk.** The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Fund’s portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, climate change and climate-related events, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, international conflicts, regulatory events, tariffs or trade wars and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets.

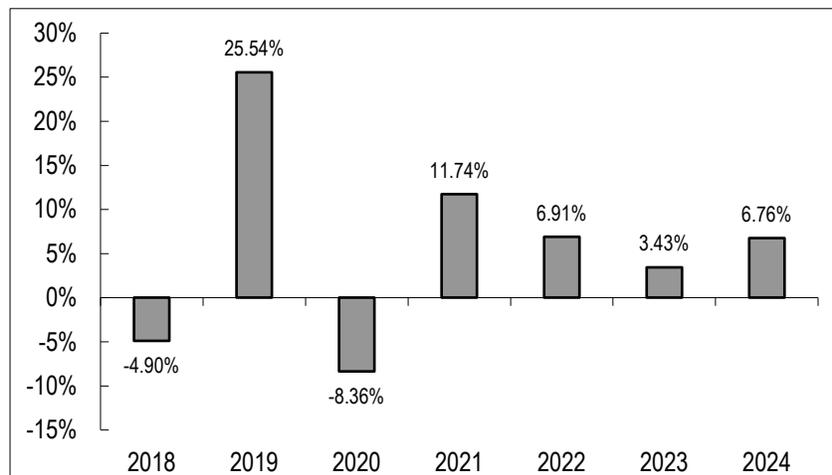
**Short Sales Risk.** Short sales risk is the risk of loss associated with any appreciation on the price of a security borrowed in connection with a short sale. The Fund may engage in short sales that are not made “against-the-box,” which means that the Fund may sell short securities even when they are not actually owned or otherwise covered at all times during the period the short position is open. Short sales that are not made “against-the-box” theoretically involve unlimited loss potential since the market price of securities sold short may continuously increase.

**Stock Market Risk.** The value of securities owned by the Fund may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to factors affecting particular companies or the securities markets generally. A general downturn in the securities market may cause multiple asset classes to decline in value simultaneously.

**Performance:** The bar chart and performance table below show the variability of the Fund’s returns, which is some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows performance of the Fund’s Institutional Class shares for each full calendar year since the inception of the Predecessor Fund (as defined below). The performance table compares the performance of the Fund’s Institutional Class shares over time to the performance of a broad-based market index. You should be aware that the Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) may not be an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates in effect and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts (“IRAs”). The Fund acquired all of the assets and liabilities of USA Mutuals Navigator Fund, a series of USA Mutuals, (the “Predecessor Fund”) in a tax-free reorganization on January 22, 2021. In connection with this acquisition, shares of the Predecessor Fund’s Institutional Class Shares were exchanged for Institutional Class Shares of the Fund. The Predecessor Fund had an investment objective and strategies that were, in all material respects, the same as those of the Fund, and was managed in a manner that, in all material respects, complied with the investment guidelines and restrictions of the Fund.

The performance information set forth below reflects the historical performance of the Predecessor Fund shares. Updated performance information is available at no cost by calling 1-866-264-8783 and on the Fund’s website at [www.usamutuals.com](http://www.usamutuals.com).

**Performance Bar Chart Institutional Class  
Calendar Year Ended December 31**



Best Quarter: 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter 2021 15.02%  
Worst Quarter: 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2020 (18.52)%

The Fund’s Institutional Class year-to-date return as of the most recent fiscal quarter, which ended June 30, 2025 was 0.74%.

**Performance Table**  
**Average Annualized Total Returns**  
(For periods ended December 31, 2024)

	<b>One Year</b>	<b>Five Years</b>	<b>Since Inception<sup>(1)</sup></b>
<b>Institutional Class</b>			
Return Before Taxes	6.76%	3.87%	5.91%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	5.54%	3.49%	5.33%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	4.00%	2.83%	4.45%
<b>S&amp;P 500 Index<sup>(2)</sup></b> (reflects no deductions for fees, expenses or taxes)	25.02%	14.53%	14.19%

(1) The Predecessor Fund commenced operations on October 13, 2017.

(2) The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged market capitalization-weighted index which is comprised of 500 of the largest U.S. domiciled companies and includes the reinvestment of all dividends. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. Unlike the Fund's returns, the index does not reflect any fees or expenses.

**Investment Adviser:** USA Mutuals Advisors, Inc. (the "Adviser").

**Portfolio Managers:** Paul Strehle and Arnold Englander serve as co-portfolio managers to the Fund and are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund. Mr. Strehle has served the Fund as portfolio manager since November 2020. Mr. Englander has served the Fund as portfolio manager since February 2023.

**Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares:** The minimum initial investment in the Fund is \$100 for retirement accounts and \$2,000 for all other account types, and the minimum subsequent investment for all account types is \$20. You may purchase and redeem shares of the Fund on any day that the New York Stock Exchange is open. Redemption requests may be made in writing, by telephone, or through a financial intermediary and will be paid by Automated Clearing House, check or wire transfer.

**Tax Information:** Dividends and capital gain distributions you receive from the Fund, whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Fund shares or receive them in cash, are taxable to you at either ordinary income or capital gains tax rates unless you are investing through a tax-deferred plan such as an IRA or 401(k) plan. However, these dividend and capital gain distributions may be taxable upon their eventual withdrawal from tax-deferred plans.

**Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries:** If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RELATED RISKS**

### **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE:**

<b>Fund</b>	<b>Investment Objective</b>
USA Mutuals Vice Fund (“Vice Fund”)	seeks long-term growth of capital
USA Mutuals All Seasons Fund (“All Seasons Fund”)	seeks capital appreciation in all economic cycles

Each Fund’s investment objective may be changed without shareholder approval upon 60 days’ written notice to shareholders. The Funds’ investment policies may be changed by the Board of Trustees without shareholder approval unless otherwise noted in this Prospectus or the Statement of Additional Information.

### **PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES**

#### Vice Fund

The Vice Fund, a diversified investment company, invests primarily in equity securities (i.e., common stocks, preferred stocks and securities convertible into common stocks) of small, medium and large capitalization companies, which include U.S. issuers and foreign issuers, including those whose securities are traded in foreign jurisdictions, as well as those whose securities are traded in the U.S. as ADRs.

Under normal market conditions, the Vice Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of companies that derive a significant portion of their revenues from a group of vice industries that includes the alcoholic beverages, defense/aerospace, gaming and tobacco industries. The Vice Fund concentrates at least 25% of its net assets in this group of four vice industries (but no more than 80% of its net assets in any single industry). “Vice industries” are those industries whose focus, in the Adviser’s assessment, may be morally questioned by members of the general public or face funding or regulatory challenges because of social disapproval. In addition, under normal market conditions, the Vice Fund will invest in at least three countries (one of which may be the United States) and invests at least 40% of its total assets at the time of purchase in non-U.S. companies.

Every portfolio company chosen for investment by the Vice Fund is selected from a universe of companies that derive a significant portion of their revenues from the alcoholic beverages, defense/aerospace, gaming and tobacco industries. For purposes of this selection process, the term “significant portion” means that approximately 25% or more of a portfolio company’s revenues are derived from the alcoholic beverages, defense/aerospace, gaming and/or tobacco industries.

Companies within this universe, using the aforementioned criteria, are then further analyzed in order to determine their potential for capital appreciation. This process begins with a proprietary top-down analysis of each industry’s macroeconomic climate and ends with the Adviser’s thorough examination of company fundamentals using outside analyst ratings and stock selection rating tools, including factors such as valuation, sales and earnings growth, profitability, indebtedness and competitive position.

Sell decisions with respect to the Vice Fund’s investment in a particular company may occur when it appears that the company is no longer able to achieve the results generally expected due to either a company specific issue, such as a loss of a key customer, or a change in industry dynamics. The Adviser sells a security when appropriate and consistent with the Vice Fund’s investment objective and policies, regardless of the effect on the Vice Fund’s portfolio turnover rate. Buying and selling securities generally involves some expense to the Vice Fund, such as broker commissions and other transaction costs. An increase in the portfolio turnover rate involves correspondingly greater transaction costs and increases the potential for short-term capital gains, which are taxable as ordinary income and may affect an investor’s after-tax returns.

The Vice Fund also participates in the short selling of securities and certain options strategies in an attempt to generate incremental returns. Use of these strategies may vary depending upon market and other conditions, and may be limited by regulatory and other constraints to which the Vice Fund is subject.

For cash management purposes or due to a lack of suitable investment opportunities, the Vice Fund may hold up to 20% of its net assets in cash or similar short-term, high-quality debt securities. These short-term debt securities and money market instruments include commercial paper, certificates of deposit, bankers’ acceptances, shares of money market mutual funds, U.S. government securities and repurchase agreements.

## All Seasons Fund

The All Seasons Fund, a diversified investment company, pursues its investment objective by employing a discretionary trading strategy which attempts to tactically allocate exposure levels in the U.S. stock market. Specifically, the Adviser invests the portfolio in long and short equity stock index futures, primarily on the S&P 500® Index; however, the Adviser may also invest in stock index futures listed on other equity exchanges.

A stock index futures contract is an agreement between two parties to take or make delivery of an amount of cash equal to a specified dollar amount, times the difference between the stock index value at the close of the last trading day of the contract and the price at which the futures contract is originally struck. A stock index futures contract does not involve the physical delivery of the underlying stocks in the index. Although stock index futures contracts call for the actual taking or delivery of cash, in most cases the All Seasons Fund expects to liquidate its stock index futures positions through offsetting transactions, which may result in a gain or a loss, before cash settlement is required. The All Seasons Fund may use stock index futures for hedging or speculation purposes.

The All Seasons Fund's investment methodology is based on the Adviser's quantitative model. The model provides indicative buy and sell prices in the futures market. These futures trades generally are held no more than 5 days. The model uses a broad array of market data to drive its indicators. This may include the following input data:

- 1) Price movement of the underlying future
- 2) Volatility levels of the underlying future
- 3) Volatility of volatility of the underlying future
- 4) Options market pricing of the underlying future
- 5) Correlation information across markets

The All Seasons Fund implements short positions by using futures. Short sales are transactions where the All Seasons Fund sells securities it does not own in anticipation of a decline in the value of the securities. The All Seasons Fund must borrow the security to deliver it to the buyer. The All Seasons Fund is then obligated to replace the security borrowed at the market price at the time of replacement. The All Seasons Fund may enter into a futures contract pursuant to which it agrees to sell an asset (that it does not currently own) at a specified price at a specified point in the future. This gives the All Seasons Fund a short position with respect to that asset.

The All Seasons Fund uses leverage through derivatives, including stock index futures and options. Leverage includes the practice of borrowing money to purchase securities or borrowing securities to sell them short. Investments in derivative instruments also involve the use of leverage because the amount of exposure to the underlying asset is often greater than the amount of capital required to purchase the derivative instrument. Leverage can increase the investment returns of the All Seasons Fund. As a result, the sum of the All Seasons Fund's investment exposures may at times exceed the amount of assets invested in the All Seasons Fund, although these exposures may vary over time.

The All Seasons Fund invests only in stock index futures in pursuing its investment objective. The risk profile of stock index futures is controlled and monitored through the oversight and regulations of the exchanges. The All Seasons Fund is in compliance with the requirements of the exchanges and regulatory agencies in regard to its derivatives trading.

Buy and sell decisions are at the discretion of the portfolio managers and are based on a compilation of proprietary indicators of broad market sentiment.

## PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS

The following risks apply to the Funds as indicated:

	Vice Fund	All Seasons Fund
<b>ADR Risk</b>	●	
<b>Asset Allocation Risk</b>	●	
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents Risk</b>	●	
<b>Convertible Securities Risk</b>	●	
<b>Derivatives Risk</b>	●	●
<b>Emerging Markets Risk</b>	●	
<b>Equity Risk</b>	●	
<b>Foreign Securities Risk</b>	●	
<b>Futures Contract Risk</b>		●
<b>Industry Concentration Risk</b>	●	
<b>Large Capitalization Companies Risk</b>	●	
<b>Leverage Risk</b>	●	●
<b>Liquidity Risk</b>	●	
<b>Management Risk</b>	●	●
<b>Market and Geopolitical Risk</b>	●	●
<b>Options Risk</b>	●	●
<b>Regulatory Risk</b>	●	
<b>Sector Exposure Risk</b>	●	
<b>Short Sales Risk</b>	●	●
<b>Small- and Mid-Capitalization Companies Risk</b>	●	
<b>Stock Market Risk</b>	●	●
<b>U.S. Government Securities Risk</b>	●	

**ADR Risk.** ADRs are equity securities traded on U.S. exchanges that are generally issued by banks or trust companies to evidence ownership of foreign equity securities. ADRs may be issued in sponsored or unsponsored programs. In sponsored programs, an issuer has made arrangements to have its securities trade in the form of ADRs. In unsponsored programs, the issuer may not be directly involved in the creation of the program. Investing in ADRs may involve risks in addition to the risks in domestic investments, including less regulatory oversight and less publicly-available information, less stable governments and economies, and non-uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards. Additionally, unsponsored ADRs held by the Vice Fund are frequently under no obligation to distribute shareholder communications received from the underlying issuer, and there is even less information publicly-available about unsponsored ADRs than sponsored ADRs; unsponsored ADRs are also not obligated to pass through voting rights to the Fund.

**Asset Allocation Risk.** The Vice Fund emphasizes asset allocation strategies and the combination of investments in one or more industries or sectors. Furthermore, although the Fund has ranges of equity and fixed-income allocations, the types of equity or fixed-income securities or other investments invested in by the Fund and the proportion of such investments involve highly subjective judgments and the Fund is designed to reflect those judgments. As a consequence, a principal risk of the Fund is that those judgments may not anticipate actual market movements or the effect of economic conditions generally.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents Risk.** The Vice Fund may have significant investments in cash or cash equivalents. When a substantial portion of a portfolio is held in cash or cash equivalents, there is the risk that the value of the cash account, including interest, will not keep pace with inflation, thus reducing purchasing power over time.

**Convertible Securities Risk.** A convertible security is a fixed income security (a debt instrument or a preferred stock) that may be converted at a stated price within a specified period of time into a certain quantity of the common stock of the same or a different issuer. Convertible securities are senior to common stock in an issuer's capital structure, but are subordinated to any senior debt securities. While providing a fixed income stream (generally higher in yield than the income derivable from common stock but lower than that afforded by a similar non-convertible security), a convertible security also gives an investor the opportunity, through its conversion feature, to participate in the capital appreciation of the issuing company depending upon a market price advance in the convertible security's underlying common stock.

*Derivatives Risk.* Each Fund may invest in derivative securities, such as futures contracts, options on futures contracts and call and put options, for hedging or speculative purposes and to reduce Fund volatility. These are financial instruments that derive their performance from the performance of an underlying index or asset. Derivatives can be volatile and involve various types and degrees of risks, depending upon the characteristics of a particular derivative. Derivatives may entail investment risks that are greater than their cost would suggest, meaning that a small investment in a derivative could have a large potential impact on the performance of a Fund. A Fund could experience a loss if derivatives do not perform as anticipated, or are not correlated with the performance of other investments which they are used to hedge, or if the Fund is unable to liquidate a position because of an illiquid secondary market. Derivatives may also make a Fund's portfolio less liquid and difficult to value, especially in declining markets, and the counterparty may fail to honor contract terms.

*Futures Contract Risk.* Futures contracts are subject to the same risks as the underlying investments that they represent, but also may involve risks different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in the underlying investments. Investments in futures may result in a substantial loss in a short period. The loss may be potentially unlimited and may be more than the original investment. Investments in futures contracts involve additional costs, may be more volatile than other investments and may involve a small initial investment relative to the risk assumed. If the Adviser incorrectly forecasts the value of investments in using a futures contract, the All Seasons Fund might have been in a better position if the Fund had not entered into the contract. During certain market conditions, purchases and sales of stock index futures contracts may not completely offset a decline or rise in the value of the Fund's investments. In the futures markets, it may not always be possible to execute a buy or sell order at the desired price, or to close out an open position due to market conditions, limits on open positions and/or daily price fluctuations. Changes in the value of the Fund's investment securities may differ substantially from the changes anticipated by the Fund when it established its hedged positions, and unanticipated price movements in a futures contract may result in a loss substantially greater than the Fund's initial investment in such a contract.

*Options Risk.* Options contracts are subject to the same risks as the investments in which the Funds invest directly, but also may involve risks different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in the underlying investments. Investments in options involve additional costs, may be more volatile than other investments and may involve a small initial investment relative to the risk assumed. If the Adviser incorrectly forecasts the value of investments in using an option contract, then a Fund might have been in a better position if the Fund had not entered into the contract. In addition, the value of an option may not correlate perfectly to the underlying financial asset, index or other investment or overall securities markets.

*Emerging Markets Risk.* The Vice Fund may invest in countries with newly organized or less developed securities markets. There are typically greater risks involved in investing in emerging markets securities. Generally, economic structures in these countries are less diverse and mature than those in developed countries and their political systems tend to be less stable. A sub-set of emerging market countries are considered to be "frontier markets." Frontier market countries generally have smaller economies and less developed capital markets than traditional emerging markets, and, as a result, the risks of investing in emerging market countries are magnified in frontier market countries. Emerging market countries may have different regulatory, accounting, auditing, and financial reporting and record keeping standards and may have material limitations on Public Company Accounting Oversight Board inspection, investigation, and enforcement. Therefore, the availability and reliability of information material to an investment decision, particularly financial information, in emerging market companies may be limited in the scope and reliability as compared to information provided by U.S. companies. Emerging market economies may be based on only a few industries, therefore security issuers, including governments, may be more susceptible to economic weakness and more likely to default. Emerging market countries also may have relatively unstable governments, weaker economies, and less-developed legal systems with fewer security holder rights. Investments in emerging markets countries may be affected by government policies that restrict foreign investment in certain issuers or industries. The potentially smaller size of their securities markets and lower trading volumes can make investments relatively illiquid and potentially more volatile than investments in developed countries, and such securities may be subject to abrupt and severe price declines. Due to this relative lack of liquidity, the Fund may have to accept a lower price. An inability to sell a portfolio position can adversely affect the Fund's value or prevent the Fund from being able to meet cash obligations or take advantage of other investment opportunities.

*Equity Risk.* Common stocks are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value as market confidence in and perceptions of their issuers change. These investor perceptions are based on various and unpredictable factors including: expectations regarding government, economic, monetary and fiscal policies; inflation and interest rates; economic expansion or contraction; and global or regional political, economic and banking crises. If you held common stock of any given issuer, you would generally be exposed to greater risk than if you held preferred stocks and debt obligations of the issuer because common stockholders generally have inferior rights to receive payments from issuers in comparison with the rights of preferred stockholders, bondholders and other creditors of such issuers. Preferred stock has a blend of the characteristics of a bond and common stock. It can offer the higher yield of a bond and has priority over common stock in equity ownership, but does not have the seniority of a bond and, unlike common stock, its participation in the issuer's growth may be limited. Preferred stock has preference over common stock in the receipt of dividends and in any residual assets after payment to creditors should the issuer be dissolved. Although the dividend on preferred stock may be set at a fixed annual rate, in some circumstances it can be changed or omitted by the issuer.

**Foreign Securities Risk.** To the extent the Vice Fund invests in foreign securities, it could be subject to greater risks because the Fund's performance may depend on issues other than the performance of a particular company or U.S. market sector. Changes in foreign economies and political climates are more likely to affect the Fund than a mutual fund that invests exclusively in U.S. companies. The value of foreign securities is also affected by the value of the local currency relative to the U.S. dollar. There may also be less government supervision of foreign markets, resulting in non-uniform accounting practices and less publicly available information. The values of foreign investments may be affected by changes in exchange control regulations, application of foreign tax laws (including withholding tax), changes in governmental administration or economic or monetary policy (in this country or abroad) or changed circumstances in dealings between nations. In addition, foreign brokerage commissions, custody fees and other costs of investing in foreign securities are generally higher than in the United States. Investments in foreign issues could be affected by other factors not present in the United States, including expropriation, armed conflict, confiscatory taxation, and potential difficulties in enforcing contractual obligations. As a result, the Fund may be exposed to greater risk and will be more dependent on the Adviser's ability to assess such risk than if the Fund invested solely in more developed countries. Foreign securities may involve more risks than those associated with U.S. investments. The economies of foreign countries may differ from the U.S. economy in such respects as growth of gross domestic product, rate of inflation, capital reinvestment, and resource self-sufficiency. Additional risks include currency fluctuations, political and economic instability, imposition of foreign withholding taxes, differences in financial reporting standards and less stringent regulation of securities markets.

**Industry Concentration Risk.** To the extent that the Vice Fund concentrates its investments under the investment policies described in this Prospectus, it may be subject to the risks affecting a particular sector or industry more than would a more broadly diversified fund. Furthermore, each industry possesses particular risks that may not affect other industries, including the risk that the securities of companies within that one industry will underperform due to adverse economic conditions, regulatory or legislative changes or increased competition affecting the industry. The risks relating to specific sectors or industries that the Fund may invest in are set forth below:

**Defense/Aerospace Industry Risk.** Companies in the defense/aerospace industry may be adversely affected by changes in economic conditions as well as legislative initiatives, all of which may affect the profitability of companies in this industry.

**Gaming Industry Risk.** Companies in the gaming industry may be adversely affected by changes in economic conditions as well as legislative initiatives. For example, the gaming industry experienced substantial disruption and uncertainty as a result of COVID-19 and related government-imposed restrictions. Many casinos were forced to halt or modify operations due to the imposition of mandatory business closures and to address social distancing guidelines. Changes in economic conditions like this and other factors may affect the profitability of companies in this industry. In addition, there is no assurance that the Fund's investments in this industry will increase in value along with the broader markets.

**Tobacco and Alcoholic Beverages Industries Risk.** Companies in the tobacco and alcoholic beverages industries are subject to the risks related to frequent and expensive litigation and risks related to legislative and regulatory action, which may affect profitability of companies in these industries.

**Large-Capitalization Companies Risk.** Large-capitalization companies may be less able than smaller capitalization companies to adapt to changing market conditions. Large-capitalization companies may be more mature and subject to more limited growth potential compared with smaller capitalization companies. During different market cycles, the performance of large capitalization companies has trailed the overall performance of the broader securities markets.

**Leverage Risk.** Leverage includes the practice of borrowing money to purchase securities or borrowing securities to sell them short. Investments in derivative instruments also involve the use of leverage because the amount of exposure to the underlying asset is often greater than the amount of capital required to purchase the derivative instrument. Leverage can increase the investment returns of a Fund. However, if an asset decreases in value, a Fund will suffer a greater loss than it would have without the use of leverage. The Funds will maintain long positions in assets available for collateral, consisting of cash, cash equivalents and other liquid assets, to comply with applicable legal requirements. However, if the value of such collateral declines, margin calls by lending brokers could result in the liquidation of collateral assets at disadvantageous prices.

**Liquidity Risk.** The securities of many companies with small- and mid-size capitalizations may have less "float" (the number of shares that normally trade on a given day) and less interest in the market and therefore are subject to liquidity risk. Liquidity risk is the risk that certain securities may be difficult or impossible to sell at the time and price that the Vice Fund would like to sell.

**Management Risk.** The Adviser's reliance on its strategy and its judgments about the value and potential appreciation securities in which the Funds invest may prove to be incorrect, including the Adviser's tactical allocation of a Fund's portfolio among its investments. The ability of a Fund to meet its investment objective is directly related to the Adviser's proprietary investment process. The Adviser's assessment of the relative value of securities, their attractiveness and potential appreciation of particular investments in which a Fund invests may prove to be incorrect and there is no guarantee that the Adviser's investment strategy achieve the Fund's investment objective.

**Market and Geopolitical Risk.** The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in a Fund's portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, climate-change and climate-related events, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, international conflicts, regulatory events, tariffs or trade wars and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years, such as terrorist attacks around the world, natural disasters, social and political discord or debt crises and downgrades, among others, may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets. It is difficult to predict when similar events affecting the U.S. or global financial markets may occur, the effects that such events may have and the duration of those effects. Any such event(s) could have a significant adverse impact on the value and risk profile of a Fund's portfolio. For example, the COVID-19 pandemic had negative impacts, and in many cases severe negative impacts, on companies and markets worldwide. It is not known how long the impacts of the significant events described above would last, but there could be a prolonged period of global economic slowdown, which may impact your Fund investment. Therefore, a Fund could lose money over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns. During a general market downturn, multiple asset classes may be negatively affected. Changes in market conditions and interest rates can have the same impact on all types of securities and instruments. In times of severe market disruptions, you could lose your entire investment.

**Regulatory Risk.** Changes in the laws or regulations of the U.S. or other countries, including any changes to applicable tax laws and regulations, could impair the ability of the Vice Fund to achieve its investment objective and could increase the operating expenses of the Fund.

**Sector Exposure Risk.** The Vice Fund may have significant exposure to a limited number of issuers conducting business in the same sector or group of sectors. Market conditions, interest rates, and economic, regulatory, or financial developments could significantly affect a single sector or a group of sectors, and the securities of companies in that sector or group of sectors could react similarly to these or other developments.

**Consumer Staples Sector Risk.** The consumer staples sector may be affected by the regulation of various product components and production methods, marketing campaigns and other factors affecting consumer demand.

**Industrial Sector Risk.** Industrial companies are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for industrial sector products in general. Government regulation, world events, exchange rates and economic conditions, technological developments and liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities will likewise affect the performance of these companies.

**Short Sales Risk.** Short sales by a Fund that are not made "against-the-box" (that is when a Fund has an offsetting long position in the asset that it is selling short) theoretically involve unlimited loss potential since the market price of securities sold short may continuously increase. Short selling allows a Fund to profit from declines in market prices to the extent such decline exceeds the transaction costs and the costs of borrowing the securities. However, since the borrowed securities must be replaced by purchases at market prices in order to close out the short position, any appreciation in the price of the borrowed securities would result in a loss. Purchasing securities to close out the short position can itself cause the price of the securities to rise further, thereby exacerbating the loss. A Fund may mitigate such losses by replacing the securities sold short before the market price has increased significantly. Under adverse market conditions, the Fund might have difficulty purchasing securities to meet its short sale delivery obligations, and might have to sell portfolio securities to raise the capital necessary to meet its short sale obligations at a time when fundamental investment considerations would not favor such sales.

**Small- and Mid-Capitalization Companies Risk.** The stocks of small and medium capitalization companies involve substantial risk. These companies may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources, and they may be dependent on a limited management group. Stocks of these companies may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than those of larger, more established companies or the market averages in general.

**Stock Market Risk.** The risk that the value of equity securities may decline. Stock prices change daily, sometimes rapidly, in response to company activity and general economic and market conditions. Certain stocks may decline in value even during periods when the prices of equity securities in general are rising, or may not perform as well as the market in general. Stock prices may also experience greater volatility during periods of challenging market conditions such as the one that the market recently experienced.

Additionally, the All Seasons Fund invests in stock index futures of companies included within equity indices, which exposes the Fund to stock market risk. Instruments selected to gain stock market exposure for the Fund's portfolio may decline in value more than the overall stock market. Investments are subject to market risk, which may cause the value of the Fund's investments to decline.

*U.S. Government Securities Risk.* U.S. government obligations include securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities, such as the U.S. Treasury. Payment of principal and interest on U.S. government obligations may be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or may be backed solely by the issuing or guaranteeing agency or instrumentality itself. In the latter case, the investor must look principally to the agency or instrumentality issuing or guaranteeing the obligation for ultimate repayment, which agency or instrumentality may be privately owned. There can be no assurance that the U.S. government would provide financial support to its agencies or instrumentalities (including government-sponsored enterprises) where it is not obligated to do so. Although U.S. government securities are considered to be among the safest investments, they are not guaranteed against price movements due to changing interest rates. Obligations issued by some U.S. government agencies are backed by the U.S. Treasury, while others are backed solely by the ability of the agency to borrow from the U.S. Treasury or by the agency's own resources. There is no guarantee that government agencies will receive support from the U.S. Treasury during financial difficulties. As a result, there is a risk that these entities will default on a financial obligation.

**TEMPORARY DEFENSIVE STRATEGIES; CASH OR SIMILAR INVESTMENTS:** For temporary defensive purposes in response to adverse market, economic or political conditions, the Adviser may temporarily depart from a Fund's principal investment strategies and invest up to 100% of the Fund's total assets in high-quality, short-term debt securities and money market instruments. These short-term debt securities and money market instruments include shares of other mutual funds, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, U.S. government securities and repurchase agreements. Taking a temporary defensive position may result in a Fund not achieving its investment objective. Furthermore, to the extent that a Fund invests in money market mutual funds for its cash position, there will be some duplication of expenses because the Fund would bear its pro rata portion of such money market funds' management fees and operational expenses.

**PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS DISCLOSURE:** A description of the Funds' policies and procedures regarding the release of portfolio holdings information is available in the Funds' Statement of Additional Information ("SAI").

**OPERATIONAL AND CYBERSECURITY RISK:** Fund operations, including business, financial, accounting, data processing systems or other operating systems and facilities may be disrupted, disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors, including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control. For example, there could be electrical or telecommunications outages; degradation or loss of internet or web services; natural disasters, such as earthquakes, tornados and hurricanes; pandemics; or events arising from local or larger scale political or social events, as well as terrorist acts.

The Funds are also subject to the risk of cyber incidents, which may include, but are not limited to, the harming of or unauthorized access to digital systems (for example, through "hacking" or infection by computer viruses or other malicious software code), denial-of-service attacks on websites, and the inadvertent or intentional release of confidential or proprietary information. Cyber incidents may, among other things, harm Fund operations, result in financial losses to either Fund and its shareholders, cause the release of confidential or highly restricted information, and result in regulatory penalties, reputational damage, and/or increased compliance, reimbursement or other compensation costs. Fund operations that may be disrupted or halted due to a cyber incident include trading, the processing of shareholder transactions, and the calculation of a Fund's NAV.

Issues affecting operating systems and facilities through cyber incidents, any of the scenarios described above, or other factors, may harm the Funds by affecting the Adviser, or other service providers, or issuers of securities in which the Funds invest. Although the Funds have business continuity plans and other safeguards in place, including what the Funds believe to be robust information security procedures and controls, there is no guarantee that these measures will prevent cyber incidents or prevent or ameliorate the effects of significant and widespread disruption to their physical infrastructure or operating systems. Furthermore, the Funds cannot directly control the security or other measures taken by unaffiliated service providers or the issuers of securities in which the Funds invest. Such risks at issuers of securities in which the Funds invest could result in material adverse consequences for such issuers, and may cause a Fund's investment in such securities to lose value.

**SECURITIES LENDING ACTIVITIES:** To generate additional income, the Vice Fund may lend its portfolio securities to qualified banks, broker-dealers and other financial institutions (referred to as "borrowers"), provided that: (i) the loan is continuously secured by collateral in cash, cash equivalents, bank letters of credit or U.S. government securities equal to at least 100% of the value of the loaned securities, and such collateral is valued, or "marked to market," daily (borrowers are required to furnish additional collateral to the Vice Fund as necessary to fully cover its obligations); (ii) the loan may be recalled at any time by the Vice Fund and the loaned securities returned; (iii) the Vice Fund will receive any interest, dividends or other distributions paid on the loaned securities; and (iv) the aggregate value of the loaned securities will not exceed 33 1/3% of the Vice Fund's total assets. The Vice Fund generally retains part or all of the interest received on investment of the cash collateral or receives a fee from the borrower. While this practice will not impact the Vice Fund's principal investment strategy, it does subject the Vice Fund to the securities lending risk described in the Prospectus.

Loans of securities involve a risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities or may fail to maintain the proper amount of collateral, which may result in a loss of money by the Vice Fund or a delay in recovering the loaned securities. In addition, in the event of bankruptcy of the borrower, the Vice Fund could experience delays in recovering the loaned securities or only recover cash or a security of equivalent value. Therefore, the Vice Fund will only enter into portfolio loans after a review of all pertinent factors by the Adviser under the oversight of the Board of Trustees, including the creditworthiness of the borrower and then only if the consideration to be received from such loans would justify the risk. Creditworthiness will be monitored on an ongoing basis by the Adviser. An attempt may be made to recall a loan in time to vote proxies if fund management has knowledge of a material vote with respect to the loaned securities and the matter involved would have a material effect on the Vice Fund's investment in the security. The costs of securities lending are not reflected in the "Annual Fund Operating Expenses" table or "Example" above.

*Securities Lending Risk.* The Vice Fund may invest cash collateral in high quality short-term debt obligations, government obligations, bank guarantees or money market mutual funds. Securities lending involves two primary risks: investment risk" and "borrower default risk." Investment risk is the risk that the Vice Fund will lose money from the investment of the cash collateral. Borrower default risk is the risk that the Vice Fund will lose money due to the failure of a borrower to return a borrowed security in a timely manner.

## **MANAGEMENT**

**Investment Adviser:** USA Mutuals Advisors, Inc., is located at Plaza of the Americas, 700 North Pearl Street, Suite 900, Dallas, Texas 75201 and serves as the investment adviser to the Funds. Paul Strehle is the majority owner of the Adviser. The Adviser is an SEC-registered investment advisor. As of March 31, 2025, the Adviser had approximately \$74,141,564 in assets under management.

Subject to the oversight of the Board of Trustees, the Adviser is responsible for managing each Fund's investments, placing trade orders and providing related administrative services and facilities under an advisory agreement between the Trust, on behalf of the Funds, and the Adviser (the "Investment Advisory Agreement").

The management fees set forth in the Investment Advisory Agreement are 0.95% of the average daily net assets for the Vice Fund and 1.75% of the average daily net assets for the All Seasons Fund, annually, to be paid on a monthly basis. In addition to investment advisory fees, each Fund pays other expenses including costs incurred in connection with the maintenance of securities law registration, printing and mailing prospectuses and statements of additional information to shareholders, certain financial accounting services, taxes or governmental fees, custodial, transfer and shareholder servicing agent costs, expenses of outside counsel and independent accountants, preparation of shareholder reports and expenses of trustee and shareholders meetings. A discussion regarding the basis for the Board of Trustees' approval of the Investment Advisory Agreement is available in the Funds' Form N-CSR dated March 31, 2025.

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the aggregate fee paid to the Adviser with respect to the Vice Fund was 0.53% of the Vice Fund's average daily net assets. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the aggregate fee paid to the Adviser with respect to the All Seasons Fund was 0.92% of the All Seasons Fund's average daily net assets.

In addition, the Adviser has entered into an Operating Expenses Limitation and Security Agreement (the "Expense Limitation Agreement") in which it has agreed to limit total annual fund operating expenses (exclusive of front-end or contingent deferred loads, shareholder servicing plan fees, taxes, borrowing cost such as interest and dividends on short positions, brokerage fees and commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, taxes, extraordinary expenses such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Fund officers and Trustees, contractual indemnification of Fund service providers (other than the Adviser) and class specific expenses like distribution (12b-1) fees) to 1.48% for the Vice Fund and 1.96% for the All Seasons Fund until at least July 31, 2026. The Adviser may request recoupment of previously waived fees and paid expenses from each Fund for three years from the date such fees and expenses were waived or paid by the Adviser, if such reimbursement will not cause the Fund to exceed the lesser of: (1) the expense limitation in place at the time of the waiver and/or expense payment; or (2) the expense limitation in place at the time of the recoupment. The Expense Limitation Agreement has the effect of lowering the overall expense ratio for each Fund and increasing the Fund's overall return to investors during the time any such amounts are waived and/or reimbursed.

**Portfolio Managers:** Paul Strehle has served as Portfolio Manager of the Funds since November, 2020 and is primarily responsible for the Vice Fund's day-to-day management. Arnold Englander, Ph.D., has served as Portfolio Manager of the All Seasons Fund since February 2023. Mr. Strehle and Dr. Englander are primarily responsible for the All Seasons Fund's day-to-day management.

Mr. Strehle serves as a portfolio manager at the Adviser. Previously, Mr. Strehle was a portfolio manager at Fort Point Capital Partners from 2015 to 2020. Prior to that, Mr. Strehle was a Principal at the Carlyle Group on the quantitative market strategies team. In addition, Mr. Strehle has also been an options trader and portfolio manager at Goldman Sachs and the Hermitage Group. He was also Global Head of Solutions at RTS Realtime Systems (a Bloomberg company) and served on the firm's management board. Mr. Strehle graduated from Lawrence University.

Dr. Englander has 35+ years' experience in various branches of engineering and R&D management during which time he has pursued a central theme: developing methods for estimating the behavior of random processes that are widely believed to be highly unpredictable. Dr. Englander has applied these methods to video compression, Internet traffic management, quantitative financial trading, and the optimization of inter-planetary space-probe trajectories. Dr. Englander's engineering and R&D management career has included large corporations and entrepreneurial starts ups. Dr. Englander has a Masters of Architecture (M. Arch.) and a Masters of Electrical Engineering (M.S.E.E) from Yale and a Ph.D. in Electrical and Computer Engineering from the University of New Hampshire.

The SAI provides additional information about the Portfolio Managers' compensation, other accounts managed and ownership of Fund shares.

## **HOW SHARES ARE PRICED**

Shares of each Fund are sold at NAV. The NAV of each Fund is determined at close of regular trading (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) on each day the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open for business. NAV is computed by determining, on a per class basis, the aggregate market value of all assets of a Fund, less its liabilities, divided by the total number of shares outstanding ((assets-liabilities)/number of shares = NAV). The NYSE is closed on weekends and New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth National Independence Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day ("NYSE Close"). The NAV takes into account, on a per class basis, the expenses and fees of the Funds, including management, administration, and distribution fees, which are accrued daily. The determination of NAV for the Funds for a particular day is applicable to all applications for the purchase of shares, as well as all requests for the redemption of shares, received by the Funds (or an authorized broker or agent, or its authorized designee) before the close of trading on the NYSE on that day.

Generally, each Fund's securities, including securities issued by ETFs, are valued each day at the last quoted sales price on each security's primary exchange. Securities traded or dealt in upon one or more securities exchanges (whether domestic or foreign) for which market quotations are readily available and not subject to restrictions against resale shall be valued at the last quoted sales price on the primary exchange or, in the absence of a sale on the primary exchange, at the mean between the current bid and ask prices on such exchange. Securities primarily traded in the National Association of Securities Dealers' Automated Quotation System ("NASDAQ") National Market System for which market quotations are readily available shall be valued using the NASDAQ Official Closing Price. Securities that are not traded on any securities exchange (whether domestic or foreign) and for which over-the-counter market quotations are readily available generally shall be valued at the last sale price or, in the absence of a sale, at the mean between the current bid and ask price on such over-the-counter market. Debt securities not traded on an exchange may be valued at prices supplied by a pricing agent(s) based on broker or dealer supplied valuations or matrix pricing, a method of valuing securities by reference to the value of other securities with similar characteristics, such as rating, interest rate and maturity.

If market quotations are not readily available, securities will be valued at their fair market value as determined using the "fair value" procedures approved by the Board of Trustees. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments, and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different than the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security. The fair value prices can differ from market prices when they become available or when a price becomes available. The Board of Trustees has designated the Adviser as its valuation designee (the "Valuation Designee") to execute its fair value procedures. The Board of Trustees may also enlist third party consultants such as an audit firm or financial officer of a security issuer on an as-needed basis to assist the Valuation Designee in determining a security-specific fair value. The Board of Trustees is responsible for reviewing and approving fair value methodologies utilized by the Valuation Designee, approval of which shall be based on whether the Valuation Designee follows the fair value procedures established by the Board of Trustees.

The Funds may use independent pricing services to assist in calculating the value of their securities. In addition, market prices for foreign securities are not determined at the same time of day as the NAV for the Funds. Because each Fund may invest in underlying ETFs which hold portfolio securities primarily listed on foreign exchanges, and these exchanges may trade on weekends or other days when the underlying ETFs do not price their shares, the value of some of a Fund's portfolio securities may change on days when you may not be able to buy or sell Fund shares.

In computing NAV, each Fund values foreign securities held by the Fund at the latest closing price on the exchange in which they are traded immediately prior to closing of the NYSE. Prices of foreign securities quoted in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at current rates. If events materially affecting the value of a security in a Fund's portfolio, particularly foreign securities, occur after the close of trading on a foreign market but before the Fund prices its shares, the security will be valued at fair value. For example, if trading in a portfolio security is halted and does not resume before a Fund calculates its NAV, the Adviser may need to price the security using the Fund's fair value pricing guidelines. Without a fair value price, short-term traders could take advantage of the arbitrage opportunity and dilute the NAV of long-term investors. Fair valuation of a Fund's portfolio securities can serve to reduce arbitrage opportunities available to short-term traders, but there is no assurance that fair value pricing policies will prevent dilution of the Fund's NAV by short term traders. The determination of fair value involves subjective judgments. As a result, using fair value to price a security may result in a price materially different from the prices used by other mutual funds to determine NAV, or from the price that may be realized upon the actual sale of the security.

With respect to any portion of the Vice Fund's assets that are invested in one or more open-end management investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), the Fund's NAV is calculated based upon the NAVs of those open-end management investment companies, and the prospectuses for these companies explain the circumstances under which those companies will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing.

## **HOW TO PURCHASE SHARES**

**Share Classes:** This Prospectus describes Institutional Class, Investor Class, Class A and Class C shares offered by the Vice Fund and Institutional Class and Class Z shares offered by the All Seasons Fund. Class Z shares of the All Seasons Fund are not currently available for purchase. The main differences between the share classes are ongoing fees and investment minimums. All share classes may not be available for purchase in all states.

**Factors to Consider When Choosing a Share Class:** When deciding which class of shares of a Fund to purchase, you should consider your investment goals, present and future amounts you may invest in the Funds, and the length of time you intend to hold your shares. To help you make a determination as to which class of shares to buy, please refer back to the examples of expenses over time in the Fees and Expenses of the Fund section for the applicable Fund in this Prospectus. You also may wish to consult with your financial adviser for advice with regard to which share class would be most appropriate for you.

**Institutional Class Shares.** Institutional Class shares are available directly from the Funds or through advisory and fee-based programs of brokers and financial advisors that have an agreement with the Funds.

**Class A Shares (Vice Fund Only).** You can buy Class A shares of the Vice Fund at the public offering price, which is the NAV plus an up-front sales charge. You may qualify for a reduced sales charge, or the sales charge may be waived, as described below. The up-front sales charge also does not apply to Class A shares acquired through reinvestment of Fund distributions. Class A shares are subject to a Rule 12b-1 fee of up to 0.50%, which is lower than the Rule 12b-1 fee for Class C shares. However, the Board of Trustees has currently authorized a Rule 12b-1 fee of only 0.25% for Class A shares.

The up-front Class A sales charge and the commissions paid to dealers for the Vice Fund are calculated as follows:

<b>Amount Invested</b>	<b>Sales Charge as % of Offering Price</b>	<b>Sales Charge as a % of Amount Invested<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Dealer Reallowance</b>
Under \$50,000	5.75%	6.10%	5.00%
\$50,000-\$99,999	4.75%	4.99%	4.00%
\$100,000-\$249,999	4.00%	4.17%	3.25%
\$250,000-\$499,999	3.00%	3.09%	2.50%
\$500,000-\$999,999	2.50%	2.56%	2.00%
\$1,000,000 and above <sup>(2)</sup>	0.00%	0.00%	1.00% <sup>(3)</sup>

- (1) Rounded to the nearest one-hundredth percent. Because of rounding of the calculation in determining sales charges, the charges may be more or less than those shown in the table.
- (2) No sales charge is payable at the time of purchase on investments of \$1 million or more, although the Fund may impose a contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") of 1.00% on certain redemptions of those investments made within 18 months of the purchase. If imposed, the CDSC is based on the NAV of the shares at the time of purchase.
- (3) The Adviser may pay a commission up to 1.00% out of its own resources to financial intermediaries who initiate and are responsible for the purchase of shares of \$1 million or more.

The offering price for Class A shares of the Vice Fund includes the relevant sales charge. The commission paid to the distributor is the sales charge less the reallowance paid to certain financial institutions purchasing shares. Normally, reallowances are paid as indicated in the above table.

**Contingent Deferred Sales Charge on Class C Shares (Vice Fund Only).** Class C shares of the Vice Fund are subject to a CDSC. The CDSC is imposed on Class C shares redeemed by the shareholder within 12 months of purchase. The 1.00% CDSC is based on the NAV of the shares on the date of original purchase.

**Investor Class Shares (Vice Fund Only).** Investor Class shares are offered for purchase at NAV without the imposition of a sales charge. Investor Class shares are subject to a Rule 12b-1 distribution fee of 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Vice Fund attributable to Investor Class shares, computed on an annual basis.

**Class Z Shares (All Seasons Fund Only).** Class Z shares of the All Seasons Fund are not currently offered for purchase. When Class Z shares become available, they may only be available through certain financial intermediaries that have agreements with the All Seasons Fund's distributor, Northern Lights Distributors, LLC (the "Distributor") to sell Class Z shares. You may generally open an account and purchase Class Z shares only through fee-based programs of financial intermediaries that have special agreements with the Distributor, through financial intermediaries that have been approved by, and that have special agreements with, the Distributor, to offer shares to self-directed investment brokerage accounts that may charge a transaction fee, and through other financial intermediaries approved by the Distributor. Class Z shares may also be available on brokerage platforms of firms that have agreements with the Distributor to offer such shares solely when acting as an agent for the investor. An investor transacting in Class Z shares in these programs may be required to pay a commission and/or other forms of compensation to the broker.

The All Seasons Fund will not subject purchases of Class Z shares to a front-end sales charge. The financial intermediaries that have an agreement with the Distributor to sell Class Z shares may impose a transaction fee and other ongoing fees on shareholders purchasing Class Z shares. Consult a representative of your financial intermediary regarding transaction fees and other ongoing fees that may be imposed by your financial intermediary and waivers of transaction fees that may be available from your financial intermediary.

**Minimum and Additional Investment Amounts:** The minimum initial amount of investment in each Fund is \$100 for retirement accounts and \$2,000 for all other accounts. Subsequent purchases of Fund shares may be made with a minimum investment amount of \$20. There is no minimum investment requirement when you are buying shares by reinvesting dividends and distributions from the Funds. The Funds reserve the right to waive any investment minimum requirement.

### **Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers for the Vice Fund**

There are a number of ways to reduce or eliminate the up-front sales charge on Class A shares of the Vice Fund.

**Class A Sales Charge Reductions:** Reduced sales charges are available to shareholders with investments of \$50,000 or more. In addition, you may qualify for reduced sales charges under the following circumstances.

**Letter of Intent.** An investor may qualify for a reduced sales charge immediately by stating his or her intention to invest in the Vice Fund, during a 13-month period, an amount that would qualify for a reduced sales charge and by signing a Letter of Intent ("LOI"), which may be signed at any time within 90 days after the first investment to be included under the LOI. However, if an investor does not buy enough shares to qualify for the lower sales charge by the end of the 13-month period (or when you sell your shares, if earlier), the additional shares that were purchased due to the reduced sales charge credit the investor received will be liquidated to pay the additional sales charge owed.

**Rights of Accumulation.** You may add the current value of all of your existing Class A shares to determine the front-end sales charge to be applied to your current Class A purchase. Only balances currently held entirely at the Vice Fund or, if held in an account through a financial services firm, at the same firm through whom you are making your current purchase, will be eligible to be added to your current purchase for purposes of determining your Class A sales charge. You may include the value of Fund investments held by the members of your immediate family, including the value of other investments held by you or them in individual retirement plans, such as IRAs, provided such balances are also currently held entirely at the Fund or, if held in an account through a financial services firm, at the same financial services firm through whom you are making your current purchase. The current market value of the shares is determined by multiplying the number of shares by the current day's NAV.

**Investments of \$1,000,000 or More.** With respect to Class A shares of the Vice Fund, if you invest \$1 million or more, either as a lump sum or through our rights of accumulation quantity discount or letter of intent programs, you can buy Class A shares without an initial sales charge. However, you may be subject to a 1.00% CDSC on shares redeemed within 18 months of purchase (excluding shares purchased with reinvested distributions). The CDSC for the Class A shares is based on the NAV of the shares at the time of purchase. The holding period for the CDSC begins on the day you buy your shares. Your shares will age one month on that same date the next month and each following month. For example, if you buy shares on the 15th of the month, they will age one month on the 15th day of the next month and each following month. To keep your CDSC as low as possible, each time you place a request to sell shares we will first sell any shares in your account that are not subject to a CDSC. If there are not enough of these to meet your request, we will sell the shares in the order they were purchased.

A financial intermediary may offer different sales charge reductions. Sales charge reduction variations specific to certain financial intermediaries are described in Appendix A to this Prospectus.

**Class A Sales Charge Waivers:** The Vice Fund may sell Class A shares at NAV (i.e., without the investor paying any initial sales charge) to certain categories of investors, including:

- the Adviser or its employees and affiliates, and investment advisory clients or investors referred by the Adviser or its affiliates for purchases direct with the Vice Fund;
- officers and present or former trustees of the Trust; directors and employees of selected dealers or agents; the spouse, sibling, direct ancestor or direct descendant (collectively, “relatives”) of any such person; any trust, individual retirement account or retirement plan account for the benefit of any such person or relative; or the estate of any such person or relative; if such shares are purchased for investment purposes (such shares may not be resold except to the Vice Fund);
- employer sponsored qualified pension or profit-sharing plans (including Section 401(k) plans), custodial accounts maintained pursuant to Section 403(b)(7) retirement plans, and individual retirement accounts (including individual retirement accounts to which simplified employee pension (“SEP”) contributions are made), if such plans or accounts are established or administered under programs sponsored by administrators or other persons that have been approved by the Adviser;
- fee-based financial planners and registered investment advisors who are purchasing on behalf of their clients;
- broker-dealers who have entered into selling agreements with the Distributor for their own accounts; and
- no-transaction-fee programs of brokers that have a dealer or shareholder servicing agreement with the Vice Fund.

A financial intermediary may offer different sales charge waivers. Sales charge waiver variations specific to certain financial intermediaries are described in Appendix A to this Prospectus.

Please refer to Appendix A for detailed program descriptions and eligibility requirements. Additional information is available by calling 1-866-264-8783. To receive a reduction in or waiver of your Class A sales charge, you must let your financial institution or shareholder services representative know at the time you purchase shares that you qualify for such a reduction. You may be asked by your financial advisor or shareholder services representative to provide account statements or other information regarding your related accounts or related accounts of your immediate family in order to verify your eligibility for a reduced or waived sales charge. Your financial advisor can also help you prepare any necessary application forms. You or your financial advisor must notify the Vice Fund at the time of each purchase if you are eligible for any of these programs. The Fund may modify or discontinue these programs at any time. Information about Class A sales charges and breakpoints is available in the SAI and on the Fund’s website at [www.usamutuals.com](http://www.usamutuals.com).

**Class C Shares (Vice Fund Only):** You can buy Class C shares of the Vice Fund at NAV. Class C shares are subject to a Rule 12b-1 fee of 1.00%, payable to the Distributor or selected dealers. Your financial intermediary will receive a commission of up to 1.00% on the sale of Class C shares from the Distributor. Because Class C shares pay a higher Rule 12b-1 fee than Class A shares, Class C shares have higher ongoing expenses than Class A shares.

Class C shares of the Vice Fund are also subject to a 1.00% CDSC on shares redeemed less than one year after the date of purchase (excluding shares purchased with reinvested distributions) to recover commissions paid to your financial intermediary. The CDSC for these Class C shares is based on the NAV of the shares at the time of purchase. The holding period for the CDSC begins on the day you buy your shares. Your shares will age one month on that same date the next month and each following month. For example, if you buy shares on the 15th of the month, they will age one month on the 15th day of the next month and each following month. To keep your CDSC as low as possible, each time you place a request to sell shares we will first sell any shares in your account that are not subject to a CDSC. If there are not enough of these to meet your request, we will sell the shares in the order they were purchased. These deferred sales charges may be waived under certain circumstances such as:

- death of the shareholder;
- divorce, where there exists a court decree that requires redemption of the shares;

- return of IRA excess contributions;
- shares redeemed by the Vice Fund due to low balance or other reasons;
- shares redeemed in accordance with the Vice Fund's Automatic Withdrawal Plan; and
- other circumstances under the Adviser's discretion.

A financial intermediary may impose different CDSC waivers. CDSC waiver variations specific to certain financial intermediaries are described in Appendix A to this Prospectus.

**Purchase Requests in Good Order:** A purchase request will be considered to be in "good order" only if it includes all of the following:

- A completed and signed account application (for new accounts).
- The exact dollar amount of the investment.
- For existing accounts, the account number and the name(s) exactly as registered on the account.
- Payment in U.S. dollars, payable to a Fund.
- Any documentation reasonably required by a Fund or its transfer agent to verify the identity or authority of the purchaser, if applicable.

Requests that are incomplete, unclear, or submitted without the required documentation may be delayed or rejected. The Fund and its transfer agent are not responsible for delays or losses due to requests that are not received in good order.

**Purchasing Shares:** You may purchase shares of the Funds by sending a completed application form to the following address:

***via Regular Mail***

**USA Mutuals Vice Fund  
USA Mutuals All Seasons Fund**  
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC  
P.O. Box 46707  
Cincinnati, OH 45246

***or Overnight Mail***

**USA Mutuals Vice Fund  
USA Mutuals All Seasons Fund**  
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC  
225 Pictoria Dr, Suite 450  
Cincinnati, OH 45246

The USA PATRIOT Act requires financial institutions, including the Funds, to adopt certain policies and programs to prevent money-laundering activities, including procedures to verify the identity of customers opening new accounts. As requested on the application, you should supply your full name, date of birth, social security number and permanent street address. Mailing addresses containing a P.O. Box will not be accepted. This information will assist the Funds in verifying your identity. Until such verification is made, the Funds may temporarily limit additional share purchases. In addition, the Funds may limit additional share purchases or close an account if it is unable to verify a shareholder's identity. As required by law, the Funds may employ various procedures, such as comparing the information to fraud databases or requesting additional information or documentation from you, to ensure that the information supplied by you is correct.

Each Fund, however, reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject any application to purchase shares. Applications will not be accepted unless they are accompanied by a check drawn on a U.S. bank, thrift institutions, or credit union in U.S. funds for the full amount of the shares to be purchased. After you open an account, you may purchase additional shares by sending a check together with written instructions stating the name(s) on the account and the account number, to the above address. Make all checks payable to the applicable Fund. The Funds will not accept payment in cash, cashier's checks or money orders. Also, to prevent check fraud, the Funds will not accept third party checks, U.S. Treasury checks, credit card checks or starter checks for the purchase of shares.

**Note:** Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, the Funds' transfer agent, will charge a \$25 fee against a shareholder's account, in addition to any loss sustained by the Funds, for any check or electronic payment returned to the transfer agent for insufficient funds.

**Purchase by Wire:** If you wish to wire money to make an investment in the Funds, please call the Funds at 1-866-264-8783 for wiring instructions and to notify the Funds that a wire transfer is coming. Any commercial bank can transfer same-day funds via wire. The Funds will normally accept wired funds for investment on the day received if they are received by the Funds' designated bank before the close of regular trading on the NYSE. Your bank may charge you a fee for wiring same-day funds.

*Purchase through Brokers:* You may invest in the Funds through brokers or agents who have entered into selling agreements with the Distributor. The brokers and agents are authorized to receive purchase and redemption orders on behalf of the Funds. The Funds will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when an authorized broker or its designee receives the order. The broker or agent may set their own initial and subsequent investment minimums. You may be charged a fee if you use a broker or agent to buy or redeem shares of the Funds. Finally, various servicing agents use procedures and impose restrictions that may be in addition to, or different from those applicable to investors purchasing shares directly from the Funds. You should carefully read the program materials provided to you by your servicing agent. Such brokers are authorized to designate other intermediaries to receive purchase and redemption orders on the Funds' behalf.

**New Accounts can be established online:** To establish internet transaction privileges, you must enroll through the website. You automatically have the ability to establish internet transaction privileges unless you decline the privileges on your New Account Application or IRA Application. You will be required to enter into a user's agreement through the website in order to enroll in these privileges. To purchase shares through the website, you must also have ACH instructions on your account. Redemption proceeds may be sent to you by check to the address or record, or if your account has existing bank information, by wire or ACH. Only bank accounts held at domestic financial institutions that are ACH members can be used for transactions through the Fund's website. Transactions through the website are subject to the same minimums and maximums as other transaction methods. Please call 1-866-264-8783 for assistance in establishing online access.

You should be aware that the internet is an unsecured, unstable, unregulated and unpredictable environment. Your ability to use the website for transactions is dependent upon the internet and equipment, software, systems, data and services provided by various vendors and third parties. While the Fund and its service providers have established certain security procedures, the Fund, their distributor and their transfer agent cannot assure you that trading information will be completely secure.

There may also be delays, malfunctions, or other inconveniences generally associated with this medium. There also may be times when the website is unavailable for Fund transactions or other purposes. Should this happen, you should consider purchasing or redeeming shares by another method. Neither the Fund nor their transfer agent, distributor nor Advisor will be liable for any such delays or malfunctions or unauthorized interception or access to communications or account information.

*Automated Clearing House (ACH) Purchase:* Current shareholders may purchase additional shares via Automated Clearing House ("ACH"). To have this option added to your account, please send a letter requesting this option to the relevant Fund and supply a voided check for the bank account. Only bank accounts held at domestic institutions that are ACH members may be used for these transactions.

Shares purchased by ACH will not be available for redemption until the transactions have cleared. Shares purchased via ACH transfer may take up to 15 days to clear.

*Automatic Investment Plan (AIP):* Investors may purchase shares of the Fund through an Automatic Investment Plan (AIP), which allows for regular, periodic investments from a designated bank account. With the investor's authorization and bank approval, the Fund's transfer agent will automatically withdraw the amount specified by the investor and invest it in Fund shares on a periodic basis.

A minimum investment of \$100 per period is required to participate in the AIP. Investors may modify or terminate their participation in the AIP at any time by notifying the Fund or its transfer agent. Only bank accounts maintained at U.S. financial institutions that are ACH members may be used. The Fund reserves the right to suspend or discontinue the AIP at any time.

**When Order is Processed:** All shares will be purchased at the NAV per share (plus applicable sales charges, if any) next determined after the Funds receives your application or request in good order. All requests received in good order by the Funds before NYSE close will be processed on that same day. Requests received after NYSE Close will be processed on the next business day.

**Retirement Plans:** You may purchase shares of the Funds for your individual retirement plans. Please call the Funds at 1-866-264-8783 for the most current listing and appropriate disclosure documentation on how to open a retirement account.

**Verification of Shareholder Transaction Statements:** You must contact the Fund in writing regarding any errors or discrepancies within 60 days after the date of the statement confirming a transaction. The Fund may deny your ability to refute a transaction if it does not hear from you within 60 days after the confirmation statement date.

**Lost Shareholders, Inactive Accounts and Unclaimed Property:** Certain states have unclaimed property laws that may require the Fund or its transfer agent to transfer the assets of accounts that are considered abandoned, inactive, or lost (due to returned mail) to the appropriate state authority. An account may be deemed unclaimed if the shareholder has not initiated any contact or transaction within a time period specified by applicable state law.

In some cases, this process is referred to as escheatment, and shareholders may be required to reclaim the assets from the applicable state's unclaimed property office. Some states may also require the liquidation of shares prior to escheatment, and shareholders may only be entitled to receive the cash value at the time of sale.

For retirement accounts, such escheatment may be treated as a taxable distribution, and federal and/or state income tax withholding may apply.

To help avoid escheatment, shareholders should maintain current contact information and periodically initiate contact with the Fund or its transfer agent. Examples of shareholder-initiated contact include written correspondence, telephone inquiries, or initiating a transaction in the account.

In accordance with Texas law, residents of the state of Texas may designate a representative to receive legislatively required unclaimed property due diligence notifications. A Texas Designation of Representative Form is available for making such an election.

## **HOW TO REDEEM SHARES**

**Redeeming Shares:** The Funds typically expect that it will take up to three business days following the receipt of your redemption request to pay out redemption proceeds by check or electronic transfer. The Funds typically expect to pay redemptions from cash, cash equivalent, proceeds from the sale of Fund shares, any lines of credit and then from the sale of portfolio securities. These redemption payment methods will be used in regular and stressed market conditions. You may redeem all or any portion of the shares credited to your account by submitting a written request for redemption to:

### ***via Regular Mail***

**USA Mutuals Vice Fund  
USA Mutuals All Seasons Fund**  
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC  
P.O. Box 46707  
Cincinnati, OH 45246

### ***or Overnight Mail***

**USA Mutuals Vice Fund  
USA Mutuals All Seasons Fund**  
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC  
225 Pictoria Dr, Suite 450  
Cincinnati, OH 45246

**Redemptions by Telephone:** The telephone redemption privilege is automatically available to all new accounts. If you do not want the telephone redemption privilege, you must indicate this in the appropriate area on your account application or you must write to the Funds and instruct it to remove this privilege from your account. If you own an IRA, you will be asked whether or not the Fund(s) should withhold federal income tax.

The proceeds will be sent by mail to the address designated on your account or wired directly to your existing account in a bank or brokerage firm in the United States as designated on your application. To redeem by telephone, call 1-866-264-8783. The redemption proceeds normally will be sent by mail or by wire within three business days after receipt of your telephone instructions. You may redeem shares up to \$50,000.

During periods of high market activity, you may encounter higher than usual wait times. Please allow sufficient time to ensure that you will be able to complete your telephone transaction prior to market close. Neither the Funds nor their Transfer Agent will be held liable if you are unable to place your trade due to high call volume.

The Funds reserve the right to suspend the telephone redemption privileges with respect to your account if the name(s), the address, or bank account information was changed within the previous 30 days. Neither the Funds, the Transfer Agent, nor their respective affiliates will be liable for complying with telephone instructions they reasonably believe to be genuine or for any such loss. The Funds or the transfer agent, or both, will employ reasonable procedures to determine that telephone instructions are genuine. If the Funds and/or the transfer agent, or both, will employ reasonable procedures to determine that telephone instructions are genuine. If the Funds and/or the transfer agent do not employ these procedures, they may be liable to you for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. These procedures may include, among others, requiring forms of personal identification prior to acting upon telephone instructions, providing written confirmation of the transactions and/or recording telephone instructions.

**Redemptions through Broker:** If shares of the Funds are held by a broker-dealer, financial institution or other servicing agent, you must contact that servicing agent to redeem shares of the Funds. The servicing agent may charge a fee for this service.

**Redemptions by Wire:** You may request that your redemption proceeds be wired directly to your bank account. The Funds' transfer agent imposes a \$15 fee for each wire redemption and deducts the fee directly from your account. Your bank may also impose a fee for the incoming wire.

**Systematic Withdrawal Plan (“SWP”):** Shareholders may elect to participate in a Systematic Withdrawal Plan (“SWP”) to have a specified amount withdrawn from their account on a periodic basis. Each withdrawal must be at least \$100 (or such other minimum as the Fund may establish) and may occur at any frequency selected by the shareholder. To establish an SWP, please complete the appropriate form or contact the Transfer Agent

**Redemptions in Kind:** Each Fund reserves the right to honor requests for redemption or repurchase orders by making payment in whole or in part in readily marketable securities (“redemption in kind”) if the amount is greater than \$250,000 or 1% of the Fund’s assets. The securities will be chosen by the Fund and valued using the Fund’s NAV pricing procedures. A shareholder will be exposed to market risk until these securities are converted to cash and may incur transaction expenses in converting these securities to cash.

**When Redemptions are Sent:** Once a Fund receives your redemption request in “good order” as described below, it will issue a check based on the next determined NAV following your redemption request. If you purchase shares using a check and soon after request a redemption, your redemption proceeds will not be sent until the check used for your purchase has cleared your bank.

### **Redemption Requests in Good Order**

A redemption request will be considered to be in “good order” only if it includes all of the following:

- The name of the relevant Fund and the account number
- The exact dollar amount or number of shares to be redeemed
- The name(s) of the registered account owner(s), exactly as they appear on the account
- Signature(s) of all registered owner(s)
- Any required signature guarantee or medallion signature guarantee, if applicable
- Any documentation reasonably required by the relevant Fund or its transfer agent to verify the identity or authority of the person(s) requesting the redemption

Redemption requests that are incomplete, unclear, unsigned, or submitted without the required documentation or signature guarantees may be delayed or rejected. The Funds and their transfer agent are not responsible for processing delays or losses resulting from requests not received in good order.

**Medallion Signature Guarantee Requirements:** To protect shareholders and the Funds against potential fraud, a signature guarantee — specifically a Medallion Signature Guarantee (“MSG”) — may be required in certain circumstances. A Medallion Signature Guarantee is a stamped certification provided by an eligible guarantor institution to verify the authenticity of a signature and the authority of the individual signing on behalf of the account owner.

The Funds or their transfer agent may require a Medallion Signature Guarantee in the following situations:

- The redemption amount exceeds \$50,000;
- The proceeds are being mailed to an address or transferred to a bank account that was changed or added within the past 30 calendar days;
- The redemption proceeds are made payable to someone other than the registered account owner;
- The proceeds are directed to a financial institution account not held in the shareholder’s name;
- The account registration or ownership is being changed;
- Redemption instructions are submitted by mail with alternate delivery instructions or special processing;
- Any other situation where a Fund or its transfer agent reasonably determines that additional documentation or verification is warranted.

Medallion Signature Guarantees must be obtained from eligible guarantor institutions that are members of a Medallion Signature Guarantee program recognized by the Securities Transfer Association (e.g., STAMP, SEMP, or MSP). These typically include commercial banks, savings associations, credit unions, and broker-dealers. Notarization is not an acceptable substitute for a Medallion Signature Guarantee.

Shareholders should contact the Funds' transfer agent in advance of submitting any transaction requests if they are uncertain whether a Medallion Signature Guarantee is required. The Funds' Transfer Agent reserves the right to reject any signature guarantee.

**Retirement Plans:** If you own an IRA or other retirement plan, you must indicate on your redemption request whether the Fund(s) should withhold federal income tax. Unless you elect in your redemption request that you do not want to have federal tax withheld, the redemption will be subject to withholding.

**Low Balances:** If at any time your account balance falls below \$250, the Fund may notify you that, unless the account is brought up to at least \$250 within 30 days of the notice, your account could be closed. After the notice period, the Fund may redeem all of your shares and close your account by sending you a check to the address of record. Your account will not be closed if the account balance drops below the minimum initial investment amount due to a decline in NAV. The Funds will not charge any redemption fee on involuntary redemptions.

## **HOW TO EXCHANGE SHARES**

### **Exchange Privilege and Converting Shares**

You may exchange your Fund shares for shares of the same Class of another Fund advised by the Adviser. Exchanges are made at NAV. Exchanges are subject to the terms applicable to purchases of the new Fund's shares as set forth in the applicable prospectus. An exchange of shares of a Fund for shares of another Fund will be treated as a sale for federal income tax purposes.

Please note that we will only accept exchanges if your ownership registrations in both accounts are identical.

We will not impose an initial sales charge, redemption fee or penalty on exchanges. An exchange transaction is a sale and a purchase of shares for federal income tax purposes and may result in a capital gain or loss.

Shareholders of the Vice Fund may elect on a voluntary basis to convert their shares in one class of the Fund into shares of a different class of the Fund, subject to satisfying the eligibility requirements for investment in the new share class. Shares may only be converted into a share class with a lower expense ratio than the original share class. Class C shares of the Vice Fund are only eligible for conversion if they are no longer subject to a CDSC.

You may make an exchange request by sending a written request to the Funds' transfer agent or calling the Funds at 1-866-264-8783.

### **Class C Share Conversion Feature**

Following the tenth anniversary of the purchase date of a shareholder's Class C shares, such shares will automatically convert to Class A shares without the imposition of any sales load, fee or other charge.

Shareholders who purchased Class C shares through certain financial intermediaries, group retirement plan recordkeeping platforms or whose shares are held in an omnibus account may not be eligible to participate in such Class C share conversions. Certain financial intermediaries who hold Class C shares in an omnibus account for shareholders of group retirement plans may not track participant level aging of shares and therefore these shares may not be eligible for an automatic conversion. Contact your financial intermediary or plan recordkeeper for eligibility information.

## **FREQUENT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS OF FUND SHARES**

The Funds discourage and do not accommodate market timing. Frequent trading into and out of the Funds can harm all Fund shareholders by disrupting the Funds' investment strategies, increasing Fund expenses, decreasing tax efficiency and diluting the value of shares held by long-term shareholders. The Funds are designed for long-term investors and are not intended for market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Accordingly, the Board of Trustees has approved policies that seek to curb these disruptive activities while recognizing that shareholders may have a legitimate need to adjust their Fund investments as their financial needs or circumstances change. The Funds currently use several methods to reduce the risk of market timing. These methods include:

- Committing staff to review, on a continuing basis, recent trading activity in order to identify trading activity that may be contrary to the Funds' Market Timing Trading Policy;
- Rejecting or limiting specific purchase requests; and
- Rejecting purchase requests from certain investors.

Though these methods involve judgments that are inherently subjective and involve some selectivity in their application, the Funds seek to make judgments and applications that are consistent with the interests of Fund shareholders.

Based on the frequency of redemptions in your account, the Adviser or transfer agent may in its sole discretion determine that your trading activity is detrimental to the Funds as described in the Funds' Market Timing Trading Policy and elect to reject or limit the amount, number, frequency or method for requesting future purchases or redemptions into the Funds.

The Funds reserve the right to reject or restrict purchase requests for any reason, particularly when the shareholder's trading activity suggests that the shareholder may be engaged in market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Neither the Funds nor the Adviser will be liable for any losses resulting from rejected purchase orders. The Adviser may also bar an investor who has violated these policies (and the investor's financial advisor) from opening new accounts with the Funds.

Although the Funds attempt to limit disruptive trading activities, some investors use a variety of strategies to hide their identities and their trading practices. There can be no guarantee that the Funds will be able to identify or limit these activities. Omnibus account arrangements are common forms of holding shares of the Funds. While the Funds will encourage financial intermediaries to apply the Funds' Market Timing Trading Policy to their customers who invest indirectly in the Funds, the Funds are limited in its ability to monitor the trading activity or enforce the Funds' Market Timing Trading Policy with respect to customers of financial intermediaries. For example, should it occur, the Funds may not be able to detect market timing that may be facilitated by financial intermediaries or made difficult to identify in the omnibus accounts used by those intermediaries for aggregated purchases, exchanges and redemptions on behalf of all their customers. More specifically, unless the financial intermediaries have the ability to apply the Funds' Market Timing Trading Policy to their customers through such methods as implementing short-term trading limitations or restrictions and monitoring trading activity for what might be market timing, the Funds may not be able to determine whether trading by customers of financial intermediaries is contrary to the Funds' Market Timing Trading Policy. Brokers maintaining omnibus accounts with the Funds have agreed to provide shareholder transaction information to the extent known to the broker to the Funds upon request. If the Funds or its transfer agent or shareholder servicing agent suspects there is market timing activity in the account, the Funds will seek full cooperation from the service provider maintaining the account to identify the underlying participant. At the request of the Adviser, the service providers may take immediate action to stop any further short-term trading by such participants.

## **TAX STATUS, DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS**

Any sale or exchange of the Funds' shares may generate tax liability (unless you are a tax-exempt investor or your investment is in a qualified retirement account). When you redeem your shares you may realize a taxable gain or loss. This is measured by the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the tax basis for the shares you sold. (To aid in computing your tax basis, you generally should retain your account statements for the period that you hold shares in the Funds.)

The Funds intend to distribute substantially all of its net investment income and net capital gains at least annually. Both types of distributions will be reinvested in shares of the Funds unless you elect to receive cash. Dividends from net investment income (including any excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss) are taxable to investors as ordinary income, while distributions of net capital gain (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss) are generally taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of your holding period for the shares. Any dividends or capital gain distributions you receive from the Funds will normally be taxable to you when made, regardless of whether you reinvest dividends or capital gain distributions or receive them in cash. Certain dividends or distributions declared in October, November or December will be taxed to shareholders as if received in December if they are paid during the following January. Each year the Funds will inform you of the amount and type of your distributions. IRAs and other qualified retirement plans are exempt from federal income taxation until retirement proceeds are paid out to the participant.

Your redemptions, including exchanges, may result in a capital gain or loss for federal tax purposes. A capital gain or loss on your investment is the difference between the cost of your shares, including any sales charges, and the amount you receive when you sell them. The Funds must report to the IRS and furnish to shareholders the cost basis information for shares purchased and sold. The Funds have chosen average cost as their standing (default) tax lot identification method for all shareholders, which means the Funds use this method to determine which specific shares are deemed to be sold when there are multiple purchases on different dates at differing NAVs, and the entire position is not sold at one time. Shareholders may, however, choose a method other than the Funds' standing method at the time of their purchase or upon sale of covered shares. Shareholders should consult their tax advisors to determine the best IRS-accepted cost basis method for their tax situation and to obtain more information about how cost basis reporting applies to them. Shareholders also should carefully review the cost basis information provided to them by the Funds and make any additional basis, holding period or other adjustments that are required when reporting these amounts on their federal income tax returns.

On the account application, you will be asked to certify that your social security number or taxpayer identification number is correct and that you are not subject to backup withholding for failing to report income to the IRS. If you are subject to backup withholding or you did not certify your taxpayer identification number, the IRS requires the Funds to withhold a percentage of any dividend, redemption or exchange proceeds. The Funds reserve the right to reject any application that does not include a certified social security or taxpayer identification number. If you do not have a social security number, you should indicate on the purchase form that your application to obtain a number is pending. The Funds are required to withhold taxes if a number is not delivered to the Funds within seven days.

This summary is not intended to be and should not be construed to be legal or tax advice. You should consult your own tax advisers to determine the tax consequences of owning the Funds' shares.

## **DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES**

**Distributor:** Northern Lights Distributors, LLC, located at 4221 North 203<sup>rd</sup> Street, Suite 100, Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022, is the distributor for the shares of the Funds. The Distributor is a registered broker-dealer and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"). Shares of the Funds are offered on a continuous basis.

**Distribution Fees:** The Trust, with respect to the Vice Fund, has adopted the Trust's Master Distribution and Shareholder Servicing Plan for Investor Class, Class A and Class C shares (the "Plans"), pursuant to Rule 12b-1 of the 1940 Act, which allows the Vice Fund to pay the Distributor an annual fee for distribution and shareholder servicing expenses of 0.25%, 0.25% and 1.00% of the Vice Fund's average daily net assets attributable to Investor Class, Class A and Class C shares, respectively.

The Distributor and other entities are paid under the Plans for services provided and the expenses borne by the Distributor and others in the distribution of Fund shares, including the payment of commissions for sales of the shares and incentive compensation to and expenses of dealers and others who engage in or support distribution of shares or who service shareholder accounts, including overhead and telephone expenses; printing and distribution of prospectuses and reports used in connection with the offering of the Vice Fund's shares to other than current shareholders; and preparation, printing and distribution of sales literature and advertising materials. In addition, the Distributor or other entities may utilize fees paid pursuant to the Plans to compensate dealers or other entities for their opportunity costs in advancing such amounts, which compensation would be in the form of a carrying charge on any un-reimbursed expenses.

You should be aware that if you hold your shares for a substantial period of time, you may indirectly pay more than the economic equivalent of the maximum front-end sales charge allowed by FINRA due to the recurring nature of distribution (12b-1) fees.

**Additional Compensation to Financial Intermediaries:** The Distributor and its affiliates, and the Adviser and its affiliates may, at its own expense and out of its own assets including legitimate profits, provide cash payments to financial intermediaries who sell shares of the Funds. Financial intermediaries include brokers, financial planners, banks, insurance companies, retirement or 401(k) plan administrators and others. These payments are generally made to financial intermediaries that provide shareholder or administrative services, or marketing support. Marketing support may include access to sales meetings, sales representatives and financial intermediary management representatives, inclusion of the Funds on a sales list, including a preferred or select sales list, or other sales programs. These payments also may be made as an expense reimbursement in cases where the financial intermediary provides shareholder services to Fund shareholders. The Distributor may, from time to time, provide promotional incentives to certain investment firms. Such incentives may, at the Distributor's discretion, be limited to investment firms who allow their individual selling representatives to participate in such additional compensation.

**Householding:** To reduce expenses, the Funds mail only one copy of the prospectus and each annual and semi-annual report to those addresses shared by accounts that have elected to receive paper copies of these documents. If you wish to receive individual copies of these documents, please call the Funds at 1-866-264-8783 on days the Funds are open for business or contact your financial institution. The Funds will begin sending you individual copies thirty days after receiving your request.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights tables are based on the financial history of the Funds and are intended to help you understand the financial performance of the Funds for the past 5 years. Certain information reflects the financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the tables represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in a Fund (assuming reinvestment of Fund distributions). The Institutional Class of the Predecessor Fund to Vice Fund commenced operations on April 1, 2014, the Investor Class of the Predecessor Fund to Vice Fund commenced operations on August 30, 2002, and both Class A and Class C shares of the Predecessor Fund to Vice Fund commenced operations on December 8, 2011, respectively. The Institutional Class of the Predecessor Fund to All Seasons Fund commenced operations on October 13, 2017. The returns shown below prior to the Reorganization on January 22, 2021 are of the Predecessor Funds. The information for the years ended March 31, 2023 and onward have been audited by the Funds' independent registered public accounting firm, Tait, Weller & Baker LLP, whose report, along with the Funds' financial statements, is included in the Funds' annual Form N-CSR, which is available upon request. The information for prior years was audited by another independent registered public accounting firm. Because Class Z shares of the All Seasons Fund are not currently offered for purchase, the financial highlights for this class are not presented.

### **USA Mutuals Vice Fund FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Year Presented

	<b>Institutional Class</b>				
	<b>Year Ended March 31, 2025</b>	<b>Year Ended March 31, 2024</b>	<b>Year Ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>Year Ended March 31, 2022</b>	<b>Year Ended March 31, 2021</b>
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 22.09	\$ 24.82	\$ 24.55	\$ 32.19	\$ 22.67
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment income <sup>(1)</sup>	0.23	0.20	0.21	0.21	0.16
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.76	(0.69)	2.07	(3.92)	10.52
Total from investment operations	0.99	(0.49)	2.28	(3.71)	10.68
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	—	(0.38)	(0.20)	—	—
Net realized gains	(0.58)	(1.86)	(1.81)	(3.93)	(1.16)
Total distributions	(0.58)	(2.24)	(2.01)	(3.93)	(1.16)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 22.50	\$ 22.09	\$ 24.82	\$ 24.55	\$ 32.19
Total return <sup>(2)</sup>	4.57%	(1.21)%	9.35%	(11.40)%	47.57%
Net assets, at end of year (000s)	\$ 2,558	\$ 2,699	\$ 3,696	\$ 3,556	\$ 6,574
<b>Ratios/Supplemental Data:</b>					
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets, including extraordinary expenses <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	1.90% <sup>(3)</sup>	1.66%	1.73% <sup>(3)</sup>	1.38% <sup>(3)</sup>	1.41%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets, including extraordinary expenses <sup>(5)</sup>	1.48%	1.40% <sup>(7)</sup>	1.24%	1.24%	1.25%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets <sup>(5)(6)</sup>	1.06%	0.88%	0.88%	0.70%	0.57%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	13%	14%	11%	7%	7%

(1) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

(2) Total returns are historical in nature and assume changes in share price, reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, if any. Had the advisor not absorbed a portion of Fund expenses total returns would have been lower. Total return represents aggregate total return based on Net Asset Value.

(3) Interest expense was less than 0.005%.

(4) Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers or expense recapture by the advisor. Interest expense is not included in the waiver. Excluding interest expense, the following ratios for the years ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2024 as follows:

	Gross expenses	Net expenses
2021	1.40%	1.24%
2024	1.65%	1.39%

(5) Does not include the expenses of other investment companies in which the Fund invests.

(6) Recognition of investment income by the Fund is affected by the timing and declaration of dividends by the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

(7) Effective August 1, 2023, the operating expense limitation was increased to 1.48% from 1.24%, exclusive of class specific expenses like distribution (12b-1) fees.

## USA Mutuals Vice Fund FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Year Presented

	Investor Class				
	Year Ended March 31, 2025	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 21.49	\$ 24.20	\$ 23.98	\$ 31.62	\$ 22.33
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment income <sup>(1)</sup>	0.17	0.14	0.15	0.14	0.10
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.73	(0.67)	2.00	(3.85)	10.35
Total from investment operations	0.90	(0.53)	2.15	(3.71)	10.45
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	—	(0.32)	(0.12)	—	—
Net realized gains	(0.58)	(1.86)	(1.81)	(3.93)	(1.16)
Total distributions	(0.58)	(2.18)	(1.93)	(3.93)	(1.16)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 21.81	\$ 21.49	\$ 24.20	\$ 23.98	\$ 31.62
Total return <sup>(2)</sup>	4.28%	(1.44)%	9.05%	(11.61)%	47.26%
Net assets, at end of year (000s)	\$ 43,023	\$ 52,562	\$ 64,024	\$ 66,802	\$ 89,427
Ratios/Supplemental Data:					
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets, including extraordinary expenses <sup>(3)(4)(5)</sup>	2.15%	1.91%	1.98%	1.64%	1.61%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets, including extraordinary expenses <sup>(5)</sup>	1.73%	1.65% <sup>(7)</sup>	1.49%	1.49%	1.49%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets <sup>(5)(6)</sup>	0.79%	0.63%	0.63%	0.47%	0.35%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	13%	14%	11%	7%	7%

(1) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

(2) Total returns are historical in nature and assume changes in share price, reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, if any. Had the advisor not absorbed a portion of Fund expenses total returns would have been lower.

(3) Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers or expense recapture by the advisor. Interest expense is not included in the waiver. Excluding interest expense, the following ratios for the year ended March 31, 2024 as follows:

Gross expenses	Net expenses
1.90%	1.64%

(4) Interest expense is not included in the waiver. Interest expense was less than 0.005%.

(5) Does not include the expenses of other investment companies in which the Fund invests.

(6) Recognition of investment income by the Fund is affected by the timing and declaration of dividends by the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

(7) Effective August 1, 2023, the operating expense limitation was increased to 1.48% from 1.24%, exclusive of class specific expenses like distribution (12b-1) fees.

## USA Mutuals Vice Fund FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Year Presented

	Class A				
	Year Ended March 31, 2025	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 21.28	\$ 24.00	\$ 23.80	\$ 31.41	\$ 22.20
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment income <sup>(1)</sup>	0.17	0.14	0.15	0.13	0.09
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.73	(0.68)	1.99	(3.81)	10.28
Total from investment operations	0.90	(0.54)	2.14	(3.68)	10.37
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	—	(0.32)	(0.13)	—	—
Net realized gains	(0.58)	(1.86)	(1.81)	(3.93)	(1.16)
Total distributions	(0.58)	(2.18)	(1.94)	(3.93)	(1.16)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 21.60	\$ 21.28	\$ 24.00	\$ 23.80	\$ 31.41
Total return <sup>(2)</sup>	4.32%	(1.48)%	9.06%	(11.60)%	47.17%
Net assets, at end of year (000s)	\$ 5,628	\$ 5,537	\$ 5,615	\$ 5,603	\$ 7,355
Ratios/Supplemental Data:					
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets, including extraordinary expenses <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	2.15% <sup>(3)</sup>	1.91%	1.98% <sup>(3)</sup>	1.64% <sup>(3)</sup>	1.61%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets, including extraordinary expenses <sup>(5)</sup>	1.73%	1.66% <sup>(7)</sup>	1.49%	1.49%	1.50%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets <sup>(5)(6)</sup>	0.80%	0.65%	0.63%	0.47%	0.34%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	13%	14%	11%	7%	7%

- (1) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.
- (2) Total returns are historical in nature and assume changes in share price, reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, if any. Had the advisor not absorbed a portion of Fund expenses total returns would have been lower. Total return represents aggregate total return based on Net Asset Value.
- (3) Interest expense was less than 0.005%.
- (4) Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers or expense recapture by the advisor. Interest expense is not included in the waiver. Excluding interest expense, the following ratios for the years ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2024 as follows:
- |      | Gross expenses | Net expenses |
|------|----------------|--------------|
| 2021 | 1.60%          | 1.49%        |
| 2024 | 1.90%          | 1.65%        |
- (5) Does not include the expenses of other investment companies in which the Fund invests.
- (6) Recognition of investment income by the Fund is affected by the timing and declaration of dividends by the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.
- (7) Effective August 1, 2023, the operating expense limitation was increased to 1.48% from 1.24%, exclusive of class specific expenses like distribution (12b-1) fees.

## USA Mutuals Vice Fund FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Year Presented

	Class C				
	Year Ended March 31, 2025	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 20.20	\$ 22.80	\$ 22.75	\$ 30.44	\$ 21.70
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup>	0.01	(0.02)	(0.03)	(0.09)	(0.11)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.68	(0.64)	1.89	(3.67)	10.01
Total from investment operations	0.69	(0.66)	1.86	(3.76)	9.90
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	—	(0.08)	—	—	—
Net realized gains	(0.58)	(1.86)	(1.81)	(3.93)	(1.16)
Total distributions	(0.58)	(1.94)	(1.81)	(3.93)	(1.16)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 20.31	\$ 20.20	\$ 22.80	\$ 22.75	\$ 30.44
Total return <sup>(2)</sup>	3.50%	(2.19)%	8.22%	(12.26)%	46.09%
Net assets, at end of year (000s)	\$ 615	\$ 1,568	\$ 3,183	\$ 4,062	\$ 8,097
Ratios/Supplemental Data:					
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets, including extraordinary expense <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	2.90% <sup>(3)</sup>	2.65%	2.73% <sup>(3)</sup>	2.38% <sup>(3)</sup>	2.36%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets, including extraordinary expense <sup>(5)</sup>	2.48%	2.39% <sup>(7)</sup>	2.24%	2.24%	2.25%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets <sup>(5)(6)</sup>	0.03%	(0.11)%	(0.12)%	(0.32)%	(0.42)%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	13%	14%	11%	7%	7%

(1) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

(2) Total returns are historical in nature and assume changes in share price, reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, if any. Had the advisor not absorbed a portion of Fund expenses total returns would have been lower. Total return represents aggregate total return based on Net Asset Value.

(3) Interest expense was less than 0.005%.

(4) Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers or expense recapture by the advisor. Interest expense is not included in the waiver. Excluding interest expense, the following ratios for the years ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2024 as follows:

	Gross expenses	Net expenses
2021	2.35%	2.24%
2024	2.64%	2.38%

(5) Does not include the expenses of other investment companies in which the Fund invests.

(6) Recognition of investment income by the Fund is affected by the timing and declaration of dividends by the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

(7) Effective August 1, 2023, the operating expense limitation was increased to 1.48% from 1.24%, exclusive of class specific expenses like distribution (12b-1) fees.

## USA Mutuals All Seasons Fund FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout each Year Presented

	Institutional Class				
	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 26.89	\$ 26.91	\$ 23.47	\$ 21.77	\$ 19.02
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup>	0.69	0.66	(0.02)	(0.44)	(0.32)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(0.54)	(0.26)	3.46	2.14	3.07
Total from investment operations	0.15	0.40	3.44	1.70	2.75
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.78)	(0.42)	—	—	(0.00) <sup>(2)</sup>
Net realized gains	—	—	—	—	—
Total distributions	(0.78)	(0.42)	—	—	(0.00)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 26.26	\$ 26.89	\$ 26.91	\$ 23.47	\$ 21.77
Total return <sup>(3)</sup>	0.47%	1.57%	14.66%	7.81%	14.52%
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 22,298	\$ 30,032	\$ 17,715	\$ 8,025	\$ 24,777
Ratios/Supplemental Data:					
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets <sup>(4)</sup>	2.79%	2.57%	3.23%	3.45%	2.36%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets	1.96%	1.97% <sup>(5)</sup>	1.99%	1.99%	1.99%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets	2.55%	2.52%	(0.08)%	(1.99)%	(1.56)%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

(1) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

(2) Less than \$0.005 per share.

(3) Total returns are historical in nature and assume changes in share price, reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, if any. Had the advisor not absorbed a portion of Fund expenses, total returns would have been lower.

(4) Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers or expense recapture by the advisor.

(5) Effective August 1, 2023, the operating expense limitation was decreased to 1.96% from 1.99%.

# PRIVACY NOTICE

## Northern Lights Fund Trust IV

Rev. April 2021

### FACTS

#### WHAT DOES NORTHERN LIGHTS FUND TRUST IV DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?

##### Why?

Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some, but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.

##### What?

The types of personal information we collect and share depends on the product or service that you have with us. This information can include:

- Social Security number and wire transfer instructions
- account transactions and transaction history
- investment experience and purchase history

When you are no longer our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.

##### How?

All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons Northern Lights Fund Trust IV chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information:	Does Northern Lights Fund Trust IV share information?	Can you limit this sharing?
<b>For our everyday business purposes</b> - such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus.	YES	NO
<b>For our marketing purposes</b> - to offer our products and services to you.	NO	We don't share
<b>For joint marketing with other financial companies.</b>	NO	We don't share
<b>For our affiliates' everyday business purposes</b> - information about your transactions and records.	NO	We don't share
<b>For our affiliates' everyday business purposes</b> - information about your credit worthiness.	NO	We don't share
<b>For nonaffiliates to market to you</b>	NO	We don't share

**QUESTIONS? Call 1-402-493-4300**

## What we do:

<b>How does Northern Lights Fund Trust IV protect my personal information?</b>	<p>To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.</p> <p>Our service providers are held accountable for adhering to strict policies and procedures to prevent any misuse of your nonpublic personal information.</p>
<b>How does Northern Lights Fund Trust IV collect my personal information?</b>	<p>We collect your personal information, for example, when you</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• open an account or deposit money</li><li>• direct us to buy securities or direct us to sell your securities</li><li>• seek advice about your investments</li></ul> <p>We also collect your personal information from others, such as credit bureaus, affiliates, or other companies.</p>
<b>Why can't I limit all sharing?</b>	<p>Federal law gives you the right to limit only:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness.</li><li>• affiliates from using your information to market to you.</li><li>• sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you.</li></ul> <p>State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.</p>

## Definitions

<b>Affiliates</b>	<p>Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Northern Lights Fund Trust IV has no affiliates.</li></ul>
<b>Nonaffiliates</b>	<p>Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Northern Lights Fund Trust IV does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.</li></ul>
<b>Joint marketing</b>	<p>A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Northern Lights Fund Trust IV does not jointly market.</li></ul>

**USA Mutuals Vice Fund**  
**USA Mutuals All Seasons Fund**

<b>Adviser</b>	<b>USA Mutuals Advisors, Inc.</b> Plaza of the Americas 700 North Pearl Street, Suite 900 Dallas, TX 75201	<b>Distributor</b>	<b>Northern Lights Distributors, LLC</b> 4221 North 203 <sup>rd</sup> Street, Suite 100 Elkhorn, NE 68022-3474
<b>Custodian</b>	<b>U.S. Bank, N.A.</b> 425 Walnut Street Cincinnati, OH 45202	<b>Legal Counsel</b>	<b>Thompson Hine LLP</b> 41 South High Street, Suite 1700 Columbus, OH 43215
<b>Transfer Agent</b>	<b>Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC</b> 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450 Cincinnati, OH 45246	<b>Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</b>	<b>Tait, Weller &amp; Baker LLP</b> 50 South 16 <sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 2900 Philadelphia, PA 19102

Additional information about the Funds is included in the Funds' SAI dated July 29, 2025. The SAI is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference (i.e., legally made a part of this Prospectus). The SAI provides more details about the Funds' policies and management. Additional information about the Funds' investments is available in the Funds' annual and semi-annual reports and in Form N-CSR. In the Funds' annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Funds' performance during its last fiscal period. In Form N-CSR, you will find the Funds' annual and semi-annual financial statements.

To obtain a free copy of the SAI, the annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders, Form N-CSR, the Funds' financial statements or other information about the Funds, or to make shareholder inquiries about the Funds, please call 1-866-264-8783. Information relating to the Funds can be found on the Funds' website [www.usamutuals.com](http://www.usamutuals.com). You may also write to:

**USA Mutuals Vice Fund**  
**USA Mutuals All Seasons Fund**  
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC  
P.O. Box 46707  
Cincinnati, OH 45246

Reports and other information about the Funds are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of the information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov), or by writing the Public Reference Section, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102.

Investment Company Act File # 811-23066

## **APPENDIX A**

A financial intermediary may offer the Vice Fund's shares subject to variations in or elimination of the Fund's sales charges ("variations"), provided such variations are described in this Prospectus. Set forth below are the variations in sales charges applicable to shares purchased through the noted financial intermediary. All variations described below are applied by, and the responsibility of, the identified financial intermediary. Variations may apply to purchases, sales, exchanges and reinvestments of Vice Fund shares and a shareholder transacting in Vice Fund shares through an intermediary identified below should read the terms and conditions of the variations carefully. A variation that is specific to a particular financial intermediary is not applicable to shares held directly with the Vice Fund or through another intermediary.

### **Intermediary-Defined Sales Charge Waiver Policies**

The availability of certain initial or deferred sales charge waivers and discounts may depend on the particular financial intermediary or type of account through which you purchase or hold Fund shares.

Intermediaries may have different policies and procedures regarding the availability of front-end sales load waivers or contingent deferred (back-end) sales load ("CDSC") waivers, which are discussed below. In all instances, it is the purchaser's responsibility to notify the Fund or the purchaser's financial intermediary at the time of purchase of any relationship or other facts qualifying the purchaser for sales charge waivers or discounts. For waivers and discounts not available through a particular intermediary, shareholders will have to purchase Vice Fund shares directly from the Fund or through another intermediary to receive these waivers or discounts.

### **Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Raymond James Financial Services & Raymond James affiliates ("Raymond James")**

Shareholders purchasing Vice Fund shares through a Raymond James platform or account are eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Prospectus or the Fund's SAI.

#### **Front-end sales load waivers on Class A shares available at Raymond James**

- Shares purchased in an investment advisory program.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family).
- Employees and registered representatives of Raymond James or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Raymond James.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- A shareholder in a Fund's Class C shares will have their shares converted at net asset value to Class A shares (or the appropriate share class) of the Fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Raymond James.

#### **CDSC Waivers on Classes A and C shares available at Raymond James**

- Death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in this Prospectus.
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching age 72 as described in this Prospectus.
- Shares sold to pay Raymond James fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Raymond James.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

#### **Front-end load discounts available at Raymond James: breakpoints, and/or rights of accumulation**

- Breakpoints as described in this Prospectus.
- Rights of accumulation which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Raymond James. Eligible fund family assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the rights of accumulation calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.